

# बिलासपुर विश्वविद्यालय, बिलासपुर (छ.ग.)

पाठ्यक्रम SYLLABUS

सत्र: 2017-18

बी.एससी. भाग-3 B.Sc. PART-3

Website: - www.bilaspuruniversity.ac.in

### PT. RAVISHANKAR SHUKLA UNIVERSITY RAIPUR (C.G.)

### REVISED ORDINANCE NO. 21 BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

- 1. The three year course has been broken up into three Parts. Part-I known as B.Sc. Part-I examination at the end of the first year, Part-II known as B.Sc. Part-II examination at the end of the second year and Part-III known as B.Sc. Part-III examination at the end of the third year.
- 2. A candidate who after passing (10+2) Higher Secondary or Intermediate examination of C.G. Board of Secondary Education Bhopal or any other Examination recognised by the University or C.G. Board of Secondary Education as equivalent thereto, has attended a regular course of study in an affiliated College or in the Teaching Department of the University for one academic year shall be eligible for appearing at the B.Sc. Part-I examination.
- 3. A candidate who, after passing the B.Sc.-I examination of the University or any other examination recognised by the University as equivalent thereto, has attended a regular course of study for one academic year in an affiliated college or in the Teaching Department of the University shall be eligible for appearing at the B.Sc. Part-II examination.
- 4. A candidate who, after passing the B.Sc. Part-Ii examination of the University, has completed a regular course of study for one academic year in an affiliated college or in the Teaching Department of the University shall be eligible for appearing at the B.Sc. Part-III examination.
- 5. Besides regular students, subject to their compliance with this Ordinance exstudent and non-collegiate candidates shall be permitted to offer only such subjects/papers as are taught to the regular student at any of the University Teaching Department or College.
- 6. Every candidate appearing in B.Sc. Part-I, Part-II and Part-III examination shall be examined in -
  - (i) Foundation Course:
  - (ii) Any one of the following combinations of three subjects:-
    - 1. Physics, Chemistry & Mathematics.
    - 2. Chemistry, Botany & Zoology.
    - 3. Chemistry, Physics & Geology.
    - 4. Chemistry, Botany & Geology.
    - 5. Chemistry, Zoology & Geology.
    - 6. Geology, Physics & Mathematics.
    - 7. Chemistry, Mathematics & Geology.
    - 8. Chemistry, Botany & Defence Studies.
    - 9. Chemistry, Zoology & Defence Studies
    - 10. Physics, Mathematics & Defence Studies.
    - 11. Chemistry, Geology & Defence Studies
    - 12. Physics, Mathematics & Statistics
    - 13. Physics, Chemistry & Statistics
    - 14. Chemistry, Mathematics & Statistics.
    - 15. Chemistry, Zoology & Anthropology.
    - 16. Chemistry, Botany & Anthropology.
    - 17. Chemistry, Geology & Anthropology.
    - 18. Chemistry, Mathematics & Statistics.

- 19. Chemistry, Anthropology & Defence Studies.
- Geology, Mathematics & Statistics. 20.
- 21. Mathematics, Defence Studies & Statistics
- 22. Anthropology, Mathematics & Statistics
- 23. Chemistry, Anthropology & Applied Statistics
- 24. Zoology, Botany & Anthropology
- 25. Physics, Mathematics & Electronics.
- 26. Physics, Mathematics & Computer Application
- Chemistry, Mathematics & Computer Application 27.
- 28. Chemistry, Bio-Chemistry & Pharmacy
- 29. Chemistry, Zoology & Fisheries.
- Chemistry, Zoology & Agriculture 30.
- Chemistry, Zoology & Sericulture 31.
- 32. Chemistry, Botany & Environmental Biology
- 33. Chemistry, Botany & Microbiology
- 34. Chemistry, Zoology & Microbiology
- 35. Chemistry, Industrial Chemistry & Mathematics
- Chemistry, Industrial Chemistry & Zoology 36.
- 37. Chemistry, Biochemistry, Botany
- Chemistry, Biochemistry, Zoology 38.
- 39. Chemistry, Biochemistry, Microbiology
- Chemistry, Biotechnology, Botany 40.
- Chemistry, Biotechnology, Zoology 41.
- 42. Geology, Chemistry & Geography
- Geology, Mathematics & Geography 43.
- 44. Mathematics, Physics & Geography
- 45. Chemistry, Botany & Geography
- Practical in case prescribed for core subjects. (iii)
- 7. Any candidate who has passed the B.Sc. examination of the University shall be allowed to present himself for examination in any of the additional subjects prescribed for the B.Sc. examination and not taken by him at the degree examination. Such candidate will have to first appear and pass the B.Sc. Part-I examination in the subjects which he proposes to offer and then the B.Sc. Part-II and Part-III examination in the same subject. Successful candidates will be given a certificate to that effect.
- 8. In order to pass at any part of the three year degree course examination an examinee must obtain not less than 33% of the total marks in each subject/ group of subjects. In subject/ group of subjects where both theory and practical examination are provided an examinee must pass in both theory and practical parts of the examination separately.
- 9. Candidate will have to pass separately at the Part-I, Part-II and Part-III examinations. No division shall be assigned on the result of the Part-I and Part-II examination. In determining the division of the final examination, total marks obtained by the examinees in their Part-I, Part-II and Part-III examination in the aggregate shall be taken in to account. Provided in case of candidate who has passed the examination through supplementary examination having failed in one subject/ group only, the total aggregate marks being carried over for determining the division shall include actual marks obtained in the subject/ group in which he appeared at the supplementary examination.

10. Successful examinee at the Part-III examination obtaining 60% or more marks shall be places in the First Division, those obtaining less than 60% but not less than 45% marks in the Second Division and other successful examinees in the Third Division.

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In clause 6(ii) after serial No. 41, 42-45 inserted. Approved in  $23^{rd}$  Co-Ordination committee Dated 15-01-2014.

### B. Sc. Part - III

## विषय-सूची

1.	Revised Ordinance No. 21	3
2,	Scheme of Examination	5
3.	Foundation Course : आधारपाठ्यक्रम	7
4.	Chemistry (रसायन शास्त्र)	9
5.	Physics (भौतिक शास्त्र)	15
6.	Mathematics	19
7.	Botany (वनस्पति शास्त्र)	26
8.	zoology (प्राणी शास्त्र)	29
9.	Microbiology (सूक्ष्म जीव विज्ञान)	32
10.	Geology (भूविज्ञान)	35
11.	Statistics (सांख्यिको)	38
12.	Defence Studies (रक्षा अध्ययन)	41
13.	Industrial Chemistry (औद्योगिक रसायन)	44
14	Computter Science	48
15.	Informatin Technology	53
16.	Industrial Microbiology	55
17.	Electronics (इलेक्ट्रानिक्स)	57
18.	Anthropology (मानव विज्ञान)	60
19.	Electronic Equipment maintenance	63
20.	Biotechnology	60
21.	Biochemistry	68

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SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

Sub	pject	Paper	Max.	Total	Min.
			Marks	Marks	Marks
(A)	Compulsory Subject Foundation Course				
	1) Hindi Language	I	75	-	26
	2) English Language	I	75	-	26
(B)	Three Elective Subject :				
2.	Chemistry	I	33		
		I	33	100	33
		Ш	34		
		Practical		50	17
1.	Physics	I	50	100	22
		I	50	100	33
		Practical		50	17
3.	Mathematics	I	50		
		I	50	150	50
		Ш	50		
4.	Botany	I	50	100	33
		I	50		
	_	Practical		50	17
5.	Zoology	I <del>-</del>	50	100	33
		I Donatal and	50		
_	Carlore	Practical I		50	17
6.	Geology	I	50 50	100	33
		Practical		50	17
7.	Statistics	I	50	50	Δ,
		I	50	100	33
		Practical		50	17
8.	Anthropology	I	50		
	1 31	I	50	100	33
		_	Practical	50	17
9.	Inde. chemistry	I	34	55	
٠,		I	33	100	33
		ш	33	100	JJ
		m Practical			

B.Sc.-III (5)

Subject	Paper	Paper		Min.
			Marks	Marks
10 D.S. G. 11	_			
10. Defence Studies	I	50	100	33
	I	50	100	55
	Practica	1	50	17
11. Micro Biology	I	50		
	I	50	100	33
	Practica	1	50	17
12. Electronics	I	50		
	I	50	100	33
	Practical	Practical		17
13. I.T.	I	50		
	I	50	100	33
	Practical	Practical		17
14. Computer Science	I	50		
	I	50	100	33
	Practica	Practical		17
15. Biochemistry	I	50		
<del>-</del>	I	50	100	33
	Practica	1	50	17

#### USE OF CALCULATORS

The Students of Degree/P.G. Classes will be permitted to use of Calculators in the examination hall from annual 1986 examination on the following conditions as per decision of the standing committee of the Academic Council at its meeting held on 31-1-1986.

- 1. Student will bring their own Calculators.
- 2. Calculators will not be provided either by the University or examination centres.
- 3. Calculators with, memoty and following variables be permitted +, -, x, square, reciprocal, expotentials log, square root, trignometric functions, wize, sine, cosine, tangent etc. factionial summation, xy, yx and in the light of objective approval of merits and demerits of the viva only will be allowed.

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B.Sc. -1111

#### आधार पाठ्यक्रम

#### हिन्दी भाषा

(पेपर कोड-0891)

प्रथम प्रश्न पत्र

पूर्णांक - 75

(बी.ए., बी.एस.सी., बी.एच.एस-सी., बी.काम., तृतीय वर्ष के पुनरीक्षित एकीकृत आधार पाठ्यक्रम एवं पाठ्य सामग्री का संयोजन 2000-2001 से लागू है)

#### ।। सम्प्रेषण कौशल, हिन्दी भाषा और सामान्य ज्ञान ।।

आधार पाठ्यक्रम की संरचना और अनिवार्य पाठ्य पुस्तक- हिन्दी भाषा एवं समसामियकी- का संयोजन इस तरह किया गया है कि सामान्य ज्ञान की विषय वस्तु- विकासशील देशों की समस्याओं- के माध्यम और साथ-साथ हिन्दी भाषा का ज्ञान और उसमें सम्प्रेषण कौशल अर्जित किया जा सके । इसी प्रयोजन से व्याकरण की अन्तर्वस्तु को विविध विधाओं की संकलित रचनाओं और सामान्य ज्ञान की पाठ्य सामग्री के साथ अन्तर्गुम्फित किया गया है । अध्ययन-अध्यापन के लिए पूरी पुस्तक की पाठ्य सामग्री है और अभ्यास के लिये विस्तृत प्रश्नावली है । यह प्रश्नपत्र भाषा का है अत: पाठ्य सामग्री का व्याख्यात्मक या आलोचनात्मक अध्ययन अपेक्षित नहीं है । पाठ्यक्रम और पाठ्य सामग्री का संयोजन निम्नलिखित पाँच इकाइयों में किया जाता है । प्रत्येक इकाई को दो भागों में विभक्त किया गया है ।

- इकाई 1 (क) भारत माता: सुमित्रानंदन पंत, परशुराम की प्रतीज्ञा: रामधारी सिंह दिनकर, बहुत बड़ा सवाल: मोहन राकेश, संस्कृति और राष्ट्रीय एकीकरण: योगेश अटल।
  - (ख) कथन की शैलियाँ: रचनागत उदाहरण और प्रयोग।
- इकाई -2 (क) विकासशील देशों की समस्यायें, विकासात्मक पुनर्विचार, और प्रौद्योगिकी एवं नगरीकरण ।
  - (ख) विभिन्न संरचनाएँ ।
- इकाई 3 (क) आधुनिक तकनीकी सभ्यता, पर्यावरण प्रदूषण तथा धारणीय विकास ।
  - (ख) कार्यालयीन पत्र और आलेख।
- इकाई 4 (क) जनसंख्या: भारत के संदर्भ में और गरीबी तथा बेरोजगारी।
  - (ख) अनुवाद।
- इकाई 5 (क) ऊर्जा और शक्तिमानता का अर्थशास्त्र ।
  - (ख) घटनाओं, समारोहों आदि का प्रतिवेदन और विभिन्न प्रकार के निमंत्रण-पत्र ।

मूल्यांक योजना: प्रत्येक इकाई से एक-एक प्रश्न पूछा जायेगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न में आंतरिक विकल्प होगा। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के 15 अंक होंगे। प्रत्येक इकाई दो-दो खंड (क्रमश: 'क' और 'ख' में) विभक्त है, इसलिए प्रत्येक प्रश्न के भी दो भाग, (क्रमश: 'क' और 'ख') होंगे। 'क' अर्थात पाठ एवं सामान्य ज्ञान से संबद्ध प्रश्न के अंक 8 एवं 'ख' अर्थात भाषा एवं सम्प्रेषण कौशल से संबद्ध प्रश्न के अंक 7 होंगे। इस प्रकार पुरे प्रश्न पत्र के पूर्णांक 75 होंगे।

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#### PART - II

#### (Paper Code-0892)

#### ENGLISH LANGUAGE

M.M. 75

The question paper for B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.H.Sc. III Foundation course, English Language and General Answers shall comprise the following items:

Five question to be attempted, each carrying 3 marks.

UNIT-I	Essa	ay type answer in about 200 words. 5 essay type question to be asked three	e to
	be a	attempted.	15
UNIT-II	Essa	y writing	10
UNIT-III	Prec	is writing	10
UNIT-IV	(a)	Reading comprehension of an unseen passage	05
	<b>(b)</b>	Vocabulary based on text	10
UNIT-V	Grai	mmar Advanced Exercises	25

Note: Question on unit I and IV (b) shall be asked from the prescribed text. Which will comprise of popular create writing and the following items. Minimum needs housing and transport Geo-economic profile of M.P. communication Educate and culture. Women and Worm in Empowerment Development, management of change, physical quality of life. War and human survival, the question of human social value survival, the question of human social value, new Economic Philosophy Recent Diberaliation Method) Demoration docontralisation (with reference to 73, 74 constitutional Amendment.

#### Books Prescribed:

Aspects of English Language And Development - Published by M.P. Hindi Granth Academy, Bhopal.

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B.Sc.-III (8)

#### CHEMISTRY

The new curriculum will comprise of Three papers of 33,33, & 34 marks each and Practical work of 50 marks. The curriculum is to be completed in 180 working days as per the UGC norms & conforming to the directives of the Govt. of Chhattisgarh. The theory papers are of 60 hrs. each duration & the practical work of 180 hrs. duration.

#### PAPER - I (Paper Code-0895) INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

M.M. 33

#### UNIT-I METAL-LIGAND BONDING IN TRANSITION METAL COMPLEXES

Limitations of valence bond theory, an elementary idea of crystal field theory, crystal field splitting in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes, factors affecting the crystal field parameters.

Thermodynamic and kirietic aspects of metal complexes.

A brief outline of thermodynamic stability of metal complexes and factors affecting the stability, substitution reactions of square planar complexes.

#### UNIT-II MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF TRANSITION METAL COMPLEXES

Types of magnetic behaviour, methods of determining magnetic susceptibility, spin only formula, L-S coupling, correlation of  $\mu$ s and  $\mu$  eff. values, orbital contribution to magnetic moments, application of magnetic moment data for 3d metal complexes. Electronic spectra of Transition Metal Complexes.

Types of electronic transitions, selection rules for d-d transitions, spectroscopic ground states, spectro-chemical series. Orgel-energy level diagram for  $d^1$  and  $d^2$  states, discussion of the electronic spectrum of complex ion.

### UNIT-III ORGANOMETALLIC CHEMISTRY [Ti(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>6</sub>]<sup>3+</sup>

Definition, nomenclature and classification of organo metallic compounds. Preparation, properties, bonding and applications of alkyls and aryls of Li, Al, Hg, Sn, & Ti, A brief account of metal-ethylenic complexes and homogeneous hydrogenation, monouclear carbonyls and nature of bodning in metal carbonyls.

#### UNIT-IV BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Essential and trace elements in biological processes, metalloporphyrins with special reference to hemoglobin and myoglobin. Biological role of alkali and alkaline earth metals with special reference to  ${\rm Ca}^{21}$ , nitrogen fixation.

#### UNIT-V HARD AND SOFT ACIDS AND BASES (HSAB)

7 HRS

Classification of acids and bases as hard and soft. Perason's HSAB concept, acid-base strength and hardness and softness. Symbiosis  ${\sf Symbiosis}$ 

Silicones and Phosphazenes

Silicons and phosphazenes as examples of inorganic polymers, nature of bonding in triphosphazenes.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS :

- 1. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, F.A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson and P.L. Gaus, Wiley
- 2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, J.D. Lee, ELBS.
- 3. Concepts of models of Inorganic Chemistry, B. Douglas, D. McDaniel and J. Alexander, John Wiley
- 4. Inorganic Chemistry, D.E. Shriver, P.W. Atkkins and C.H. Langford, Oxford.

B.Sc.-III (9)

- 5. Inorganic Chemistry, W.W. Porterfield, Addison-Wesley.
- 6. Inorganic Chemistry, A.G. Sharp, ELBS.
- 7. Inorganic Chemistry, G.L. Miessler and D.A. Tarr, Prentice Hall.
- 8. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Satyas Prakash.
- 9. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Agarwal & Agarwal.
- 10. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Puri & Sharma, S. Naginchand
- 11. Inorganic Chemistry, Madan, S. Chand & Co.
- 12. Adhunik Akarbanic Rasayan, A.K. Shrivastav & P.C. Jain, Goel Pub.
- 13. Ucchattar Akarbanic Rasayan, Satya Prakash & G.D. Tuli, Shyamlal Prakashan
- 14. Ucchattar Akarbanic Rasayan, Puri & Sharma.

#### PAPER - II (Paper Code-0896) ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

M.M. 33

#### UNIT-I A. ORGANICMETALLIC COMPOUNDS

Organomegenesium compounds : Grignard reagents-formation, structure and chemical reactions. Organozinc compounds : formation and chemical reactions. Organolithium compounds : formation and chemical reactions.

#### B. Organosulphur Compounds

Nomenclature, structural features, methods of formation and chemical reactions of thiols, thioethers, sulphonic acids, sulphonamides and sulphaguanidine.

#### Organic Synthesis via Enolates

Active methylene groupalkylation of diethylmalonate and ethyl acetoacetate. Synthesis of ethyl acetoacetate: the Claisen condensation. Keto-enol tautomerism of ethyl acetoacetate.

#### UNIT-II BIOMOLECULES

#### A. Carbohydrates:

Configration of monosaccharides, three and erytho diastereomers. Formation of glycosides ethers and esters Determination of ring size of monosaccharides. Cyclic structure of D(+) glucose. Structure of ribose and deoxyribose. An introduction to disaccharides (maltose, sucrose and lactose) and polysaccharides (starch and cellulose) without involving structure determination.

#### B. Proteins and Nucleic acids

Classification and structure of protein levels of protein structure, protein denaturation / renaturation, Constituents of amino acids Ribonucleicsids and ribouncleotieds, double helical structure of DNA.

#### UNIT-III A. Synthetic Polymers

Addition or chain growth polymerization. Free radical vinyl polymerization, Ziegler-Natta polymerization, Condensation or Step growth polymerization, Polyesters, polyamides, phenols-formaldehyde resins, urea-formaldehyde resins, epoxy resins and polyurethanes, natural and synthetic rubbers.

#### B. Synthetic Dyes

Colour and constitution (Electronic Concept). Classification of Dyes. Chemistry of dyes. Chemistry and synthesis of Methyl Orange, Congo Red, Malachite Green, Crystal Violet, Phenolphthalein, fluorescein, Alizarine and Indigo.

#### UNIT-IV SPECTROSCOPY

A. Mass spectroscopy: mass spectrum fragmentation of functional groups.

B.Sc.-III (10)

- B. InfraRed Spectroscopy: IR absorption Band their position and intensity, Identification of IR spectra.
- C. W-Visible Spectroscopy: Beer Lambert's law, effect of Conjugation max Visible spectrum and colour.
- D. Anthocyanin as natural colouring matter (Introduction only)
- E. Application of Mass, IR, UV-Visible Spectroscopy to organic molecules.
- UNIT-V A. NMR Spectroscopy: Introduction to NMR. Shielding and Number of signal in PMR, Chemical shift and characteristic values, spiltting of Signals and Coupling constant. Application to organic molcules.
  - B. <sup>13</sup>CMR Spectroscopy: Principal & Application.
  - C. Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Introductory idea.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS :

- 1. Organic Chemistry, Morrison and Boyd, Prentice-Hall
- 2. Organic Chemistry, L.G. Wade Jr., Prentice-Hall
- 3. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, Solomons, John Wiley
- 4. Organic Chemistry, Vol.I, II, III, S.M. Mukherjee, S.P. Singh and R.P. Kapoor, Wiley-Eastern (New-Age)
- 5. Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey, McGraw Hill
- 6. Introduction to Organic Chemistry, Streiweisser, Heathcock and Kosover, Macmillan
- 7. Organic Chemistry, P.L. Soni
- 8. Organic Chemistry, Bahi & Bahl
- 9. Organic Chemistry, Joginder Singh
- 10. Carbanic Rasayan, Bashi & Bahi
- 11. Carbanic Rasayan, R.N. Singh, S.M.I. Gupta, M.M. Bakodia & S.K. Wadhwa  $\frac{1}{100}$
- 12. Carbanic Rasayan, Joginder Singh.
- 13. Carbanic Resayan, P.L., Soni.
- 14. Corbanic Rasayan, Bhagchandani, Sahitya Bhawan Publication.
- 15. Rasayan Vigyan, Bhatnagar, Arun Prakashan.

#### PAPER - III (Paper Code-0897) PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

M.M. 34

#### UNIT-I QUANTUM MECHANICS

Black body radiation, Plank's radiation law, photoelectric effect, Compton effect. DeBroglie's idea of matter waves, experimental verification Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, Sinosoidal wave equation, Operators: Hamiltonian operator, angular momentum operator, laplacian operators postulate of quantum mechanics Eigen values, Eigen function. Schrodinger time independed wave equation physical significance of and . Applications of schrodinger wave equation: particle in one dimensional box Hydrogenation (separation into three equation's) radial wave function and angular wave function.

#### UNIT-II QUANTUM MECHANICS-II

Quantum mechanical approach of molecular orbit theory; basic idea criteria for forming M.O and A.O, LCAO approximation, formation of  $H^{2+}$  ion, calculation of energy levels from wave functions bonding and antibonding wave functions concept of  $M^{2+}$  and

B.Sc.-III (11)

orbitals and their characteristics, Hybrid orbital : SP,  $SP^2$ ,  $SP^3$ , Calculation of coefficients  $Ad^s$  used in these hybrid orbitals.

Introduction to valence bond model of  ${\rm H}^2$ , Comparison of M.O. and V.B. model, Huckle theory, application of huckel theory to ethane propene etc.

#### UNIT-III SPECTROSCOPY-I

- A. Introduction, characterization of electromagenetic radiation, regions of the spectrum, representation of spectra width and intensity of spectral transition, rotational spectra of calculated diatomic molecules, energy level of rigid rotator, selection rule, determination of bond length qualitative description of non rigid rotator isotopic effect.
- B. Vibrational spectra Fundamental vibrational and their symmetry, vibrating diatomic molecules, enegy levels of simple harmonic oscillator. Selection Rule, Pure vibrational Spectrum, determination of force constant, diatomic vibrating operator. Anhormonic Oscillator.
- C. Raman Spectra: Concept of polarizability, quantum theory of Raman spectra stokes and anti stokes lines pure rotational and vibrational Raman spectra, Application of Raman spectra stokes and anti stokes lines, pure rotational and vibrational Raman apectra, Applications of Raman spectra.

#### UNIT-IV SPECTROSCOPY-II

- A. Electronic Spectra: Electronic Spectra of diatonic molecule, Frank London principle, types of electronic transitions. Applications of electronic spectra.
- B. Photo-chemistry: Interaction of radiation with matter, difference between thermal and photochemical processes. Laws of photochemistry. Grothus-Drapper law, Stark-Elinstein law, Jablonski diagram depicting various process occurring in the excited state, qualitative description of fluorescence, occurring in the excited state, qualitative description of fluorescence, phosphorescence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing), quantum yield photosensitized reactions energy transfer processes (simple examples).

#### UNIT-V A. Thermodynamics

Energy referred to absolute zero, third law of therodynamics Test of III law of thermodynamics Nerst heat theorem application and limitation of Nerst heat theorem.

- **B.** Physical properties and molecular structure : polarization of molecules, {Classius-Mosotti equation. orientation of dipoles in an electric field. Dipol moment, induced dipole moment, measurement of dipole moment. Temperature methods and refractivity methods. Dipole moment and molecular structure.
- **C.** Magnetic Properties: Parmagenetism diamagnetism, ferromagnetism. Determination of magnetic susceptibility, elucidation of molecular structure.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS :

- 1. Physical Chemistry, G.M. Barrow, International student edition, McGaw Hill
- 2 Basic programming with application, V.K. Jain, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 3. Computers & Common sense, R. Hunt & Shelly, Prentice-Hall
- 4. University general chemistry, C.N.R. Rao, Macmillan.
- 5. Physical Chemistry, R.A. Alberty, Wiley Eastern
- 6. The elements of Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkin, Oxford

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- 7. Physical Chemistry through problems, S.K. Dogra & S. Dogra, Wiley Eastern
- 8. Physical Chemistry, B.D. Khosla
- 9. Physical Chemistry, Puri & Sharma
- 10. Bhoutic Rasayan, Puri & Sharma
- 11. Bhoutic Rasayan, P.L. Soni
- 12. Bhoutic Rasayan, Bahl & Tuli

#### PAPER-IV

#### LABORATORY COURSE

180 Hrs.

#### Inorganic Chemistry

Synthesis Analysis

- (a) Preparation of Sodium trioxalato ferrate (III),  $Na_3$  [Fe( $C_2O_4$ ) $_3$ ] and determination of its composition by permanganometry.
- (b) Preparation of Ni-DMG complex, [Ni(DMG)<sub>2</sub>]
- (c) Preparation of copper tetraammine complex,  $[Cu(NH_3)_4]SO_4$ .
- (d) Preparation of cis-and trans-bioxalato diaqua chromate (III) ion.

Gravimetric Analysis

Analysis of Cu as CuSCN or CuO, Ni as Ni(DMG) $_2$ , Ba as BaSO $_4$  and Fe as Fe $_2$ O $_3$ 

#### Organic Chemistry

Laboratory Techniques

A Steam Distillation

Napthalene from its suspension in water

Clove oil from cloves

Separation of ortho and para-nitrophenols.

B Column Chromatography

Separation of fluorescein and methylene blue

Separation of leaf pigments from spinach leaves

Resolution of recemic mixture of (+,-) mandelic acid.

#### Qualitative Analysis

Analysis of an organic mixture containing two solid components using water, NaHCO $_3$ , NaOH for separation and preparation of suitable derivatives.

#### Synthesis of Organic Compounds

- (a) Acetylation of salicylic acid, aniline, glucose and hydroquinone. Benzoylation of aniline and phenol.
- (b) Aliphatic electrophilic substitution- Preparation of icobform form ethanol and acetone.
- (c) Aramatic electrophilic substitution-

Nitration-Preparation of m-dinitrobenzene, p-nitroacetanilide

Halogenation- Preparation of p-bromoacetanilide, 2,4,6 tribromophenol

- (d) Diazotization/Coupling- Preparation of methyl orange and methyl red
- (e) Oxidation- Preparation of benzoic acid from toluene
- © Reduction-Preparation of aniline from nitrobenzene, m-nitroaniline from m-dinitrobenzene.

#### Physical Chemistry

Electrochemistry

- (a) To determine strength of given acid conductometrically using standard alkali solution.
- (b) To determine solubility and solubility product of a sparingly soluble electrolyte conductometrically.

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- (c) To study saponification of ethyl acetate conductometrically.
- (d) Determine the ionization constant of a weak acid conductometrically.
- (e) To titrate potention metrically the given ferrous ammonium sulphate using  $\rm KMnO_4/K_2Cr_2O_7$  as titrant and calculate the redox potential of  $\rm Fe^{2+}/Fe^{3+}$  system on the hydrogen scale.

#### Refractometry and Polarimetry

- (a) To verify law of refraction of mixtures (e.g. of glycerol and water) using Abbe's refractometer.
- (b) To determine the specific rotation of a given optically active compound.

#### Molecular Weight Determination

- (a) Determination of molecular weight of a non-volatile solute by Rast method/Beckmann freezing point method.
- (b) Determination of the apparent degree of dissociation of an electrolyte (e.g., NaCl) in aqueous solution at different concentrations by ebullioscopy.

#### Colorimetry

To verify Beer-Lambert law for  $KMnO_4/K_2Cr_2O_7$  and determine the concentration of the given solution of the substance.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS :

- 1. Vogel's qualitative Analysis, revised, Svehla, Orient Longman
- 2. Standard methods of chemical analysis, W.W. Scott, The Technical Press
- 3. Experimental Organic Chemistry, Vol. I & II, P.R. Singh, D.S. Gupta and K.S. Bajpai, tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. Laboratory Manual in Organic Chemistry, R.K. Bansal, Wiley Eastern
- 5. Vogel's Text Book of Practical Organic Chemistry, B.S. Furnis, A.J. Hannaford, V. Rogers, P.W.G. Smith and A.R. Tatchel, ELBS
- 6. Experiments in general chemistry, C.N.R. Rao & U.C. Agrawal
- 7. Experiments in Physical Chemistry, R.C. Das & Behra, Tata McGraw Hill
- 8. Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, J.B. Yadav, Goel Publishing House.

#### 8 Hrs. PRACTICAL EXAMINATION M.M.50.

#### Five experiments are to be performed.

- 1. Inorganic Two experiments to be performed.
  - Gravimetric estimation compulsory carrying 08 marks. (Manipulation 3 marks).
  - Anyone experiment from synthesis and analysis carrying 04 marks.
- Organic-Two experiments to be performed.
  - Qualitative analysis of organic mixture containing two solid components.
  - compulsory carrying 08 marks (03 marks for each compound and two marks for separation).
  - One experiment from synthesis of organic compound (Single step) carrying 04 marks.
- 3. Physical-One physical experiment carrying 12 marks.
- 4. Sessional 04 marks.
- 5. Viva Voce 10 marks.

In case of Ex-Students one mark each will be added to Gravimetric analysis and Qualitative analysis of organic mixture and two marks in Physical experiment.

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#### **PHYSICS**

#### Objectives:

Present course is aimed to provide ample knowledge of basics of Physics which are relevant to the understanding of modern trends in higher physics.

The first paper is aimed at preparing the back ground of modern physics which includes the relativistic and quantum ideas mainly councerned with atomic, molecular and nuclear physics. It consistutes an essential pre-requisite for better understanding of any branch of physics.

The second paper is mainly concerned with Solid State Physics, Solid State Devices and Electronics. This course is quite important from the applicational aspects of modern electronic devices. It also forms the basis of advance electronics including communication technology to be covered at higher level.

The experiments are based mostly on the contents of the theory papers so as to provide comprehensive insight of the subject.

#### Scheme of Examination:

- 1. There shall be two theory papers of 3 hours duration each and one practical paper of 4 hours duration. Such paper shall carry 50 marks.
- 2. Each theory paper will comprise of 5 units. Two questions will be in each unit and the student will have the choice to answer one out of the two.
- 3. Numerical problems of about 30 percent will compulsorily be asked in each theory paper.
- 4. In practical paper each student has to perform two experiments during examination.
- 5. Practical examination will be of 4 hours duration. The distribution of practical marks will be as follows.

Experiments: 15 + 15 = 30, Viva-voce: 10
Internal Assessment - 10.

#### PAPER - I (Paper Code-0893)

## RELATIVITY, QUANTUM MECHANICS, ATOMIC MOLECULAR AND NUCLEAR PHYSICS.

UNIT-I Reference systems, inertial frames, Galilean invariance and conservation laws, propagation of light, Michelson-Morley experiment, search for ether.

Postulates for the special theory of ralativity, Lorentz tranformations, length contraction, time dilation, velocity additon theorem, variation of mass with velocity, mass-energy equivalence, particle with zero rest mass, Compton effect.

UNIT-II Origin of the quantum theory: Failure of classical physics to explain the phenomena such as black-body spectrum, photoelectric effect.

Wave-particle duality and uncertainty principle: de Broglie's hypothesis for matter waves: the concept of wave and group velocities, evidence for diffraction & interference of particles, experimental demonstration of mater waves. Davisson and Germer's experiment.

Consequence of de Broglie's concepts, quantisation in hydrogen atom, energies of a particle in a box, wave packets.

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Consequence of the uncertainty relation : gamma ray microscope, diffraction at a slit.

UNIT-III Quantum Mechanics: Schrodinger's equation. Postulatory basis of quantum mechanics, operators, expectation values, transition probabilities, applications to particle in a one- and three dimensional boxes, harmonic oscillator in one dimension, reflection at a step potential, transmission across a potential barrier.

Hydrogen atom: natural occurrence of n, and m quatum numbers, the related physical quantities.

UNIT-IV Spectra of hydrogen, deuteron and alkali atoms spectral terms, doublet fine structure, screening constants for alkali spectra for s,p, d and f states, selection rules.

Discrete set of electronic energies of moleculers, quantisation of vibrational and rotational energies, determination of internuclear distance, pure rotatinal and rotation vibration spectra. Dissociation limit for the ground and other electronic states, transition rules for pure vibration and electronic vibration spectra.

Raman effect, Stokes and anti-Stokes lines, complimentary character of Raman and infrared spectra, experimental arrangements for Raman spectroscopy.

UNIT-V Interaction of charged particles and neutrons with mater, working of nuclear detectors, G-M counter, proportional counter and scintillation counter, cloud chambers, spark chamber, emulsions.

Structure of nuclei, basic properties (  $,\mu$  Q and binding energy), deuteron binding energy, p-p and n-p scattering and general concepts of nuclear forces, Beta decay, range of alpha particle Geiger-Nuttal law. Gamow's explanation of beta decay, alpha decay and continuous and discrete spectra.

Nuclear reactions, channels, compound nucleus, direct reaction (concepts). Shell model & liquid drop model, fission and fusion (concepts), energy production in stars by p-p and carbon cycles (concepts).

#### TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS :

- H.S. Mani and G.K. Metha: "Introduction to Modern Physics"' (Affiliated East-West Press, 1989)
- 2 A Beiser, "Prospective of Modern Physics"
- 3. H.E. White, Introduction to Atomic Physic"
- 4. Barrow, "Introduction to Molecular Physics!"
- 5. R.P. Feynman, R.B. Leighton and M Sands, "The Feynman Lectures on Physics", Vol.III (B.I. Publications, Bombay, Delhi, Calcutta, Madras).
- 6. T.A. Littlefield and N Thorley, "Atomic and Nuclear Physics" (Engineering Language Book Society)
- 7. H.A. Enge, "Introduction to Nuclear Physics", (Addision-Wesly)
- 8. Eisenberg and Resnik, "Quantum Physics of Atoms, Molecules, Solids, Nuclei and Particles" (John Wiley)
- 9. D.P. Khandelwal, "Optics and Atomic Physics", (Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 1988).

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#### PAPER-II (Paper Code-0894)

#### SOLID STATE PHYSICS, SOLID STATE DEVICES AND ELECTRONICS

UNIT-I Amorphous and crystalline solids, Elements of symmetry, seven crystal system, Cubic lattices, Crystal planes, Miller indices, Laue's equation for X-ray diffraction, Bragg's Law. Bonding in solids, classification. Cohesive energy of solid.

Madelung constant, evaluation of Parameters.

Specific heat of solids, classical theory (Dulong-Petit's law). Einstein and Debye theories. Vibrational modes of one dimensional monoatomic lattice, Dispersion relation, Brillouin Zone.

INIT-II Free electron model of a metal, Solution of one dimensional Schrodiner equation in a constant potential. Density of states. Fermi Energy, Energy bands in a solid (Kronig-Penny model without mathematical details). Metals, Insulator and Semiconductors. Hall effect

Dia, Para and Ferromagnetism. Langevin's theory of dia and para-magnetism. Curie-Weiss's Law. Qualitative description of Ferromagnetism (Magnetic domains), B-H. curve and Hysteresis loss.

- UNIT-III Intrinsic semiconductors, carrier concentration in thermal equlibrium, Fermi level, Impurity semiconductor, doner and acceptor levels, Diode equation, junctions, junction breakdown, Depletion width and junction capacitance, abrupt junction, Tunnel diode, Zener diode. Light emmitting diode, solar cell, Bipolar transistors, pnp and npn transistors, characteristics of transistors, different configurations, current amplification factor, FET.
- UNIT-IV Half and full wave rectifier, rectifier efficiency ripple factor, Bridge rectifier, Filters, Inductor filter, T and N filters, Zener diode, regulated power supply.

Applications of transistors.

Bipolar Transistor as amplifier.

Single stage and CE small signal amplifiers, Emitter followers, Transistoras power amplifier, Transistor as oscillator, Wein-Bridge Oscillator and Hartley oscillator.

UNIT-V Introduction to computer organisation, time sharing and multi programming systems, window based word processing packages, MS Word.

Introduction to C programming and application to simple problems of arranging numbers in ascending / descending orders : sorting a given data in an array, solution of simultaneous euation.

#### BOOKS RECOMMENDED :

1. Introduction to solid state physics: C.Kittel

2 Solid State Physics : A.J. Dekkar

3. Electronic Circuits: Mottershead

4. Electronic Circuits: Millman and Halkias

5. Semiconductor Devices : S.M. Sze

6. Computer fundamental : balaquara Swami

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#### PRACTICALS

MINIMUM 16 (Sixteen) Out of the following or similar experiment of equal standard:

- 1. Determination of Planck's constant
- 2. Determination of e/m by using Thomson's tube
- 3. Determination of e by Millikan's method
- 4. Study of spectra of hydrogen and deuterium (Rydberg constant and ratio of masses of electron proton)
- 5. Absorption spectrum of iodine vapour
- 6. Study of alkali or alkaline earth spectra using a concave gra's
- 7. Study of Zeeman effect for determination of Lande q-factor.
- 8. Analysis of a given band spectrum.
- 9. Study of Raman spectrum using laser as an excitation source.
- 10. Study of absorption of alpha and beta rays.
- 11. Study of statistics in radioactive measurement.
- 12. Coniometric study of crystal faces.
- 13. Determination of dielectric constant
- 14. Hysteresis curve of transformer core
- 15. Hall-probe method for measuement of magnetic field
- 16. Specific resistance and energy gap of a semiconductor
- 17. Characteristics of transistor
- 18. Characteristics of a tunnel diode
- 19. Study of voltage regulation system
- 20. Study of a regulated power supply
- 21. Study of lissajous figures using a CRO
- 22. Study of VTVM
- 23. Study of RC and TC coupled amplifiers
- 24. Study of AF and RF oscillators
- 25. Find roots of f(x)=0 by using Newton-Raphson method
- 26. Find roots of F(x)=0 by using secant method
- 27. Integration by Simpson rule
- 28. To find the value of V at
- 31. String manipulations
- 32. Towers of Honoi (Nonrecursive)
- 33. Finding first four perfect numbers
- 34. Quadratic interpolation using Newton's forward-difference formula of degree two.

#### TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS :

- 1. B.G. Strechman; "Solid State Electronic Devices". II Edition (Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1986)
- W.D. Stanley; "Electronic Devices, Circuits and Applications" (Prentice Hall, New Jersey, USA, 1988)
- 3. S. Lipschutsz and A Poe ; "Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Programming with Fortran" (McGraw-Hill Book Co. Singapore, 1986)
- 4. C Dixon ; "Numerical Analysis"

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#### **MATHEMATIS**

There shall be three theory papers. Two compulsory and one optional Each paper carrying 50 marks is divided into five units and each unit carry equal marks.

## PAPER - I (Paper Code-0898) ANALYSIS

#### REAL ANALYSIS

UNIT-I Series of arbitrary terms. Convergence, divergence and Oscillation. Abel's and Dirichlet's test. Multiplication of series. Double series.

Partial derivation and differentiability of real-valued functions of two variables. Schwarz and Young's theorem. Implicit function theorem.

Fourier series. Fourier expansion of piecewise monotonic functions.

UNIT-II Riemann integral. Intergrability of continuous and monotonic functions. The fundamental theorem of integral calculus. Mean value theorems of integral calculus.

Improper integrals and their convergence, Comparison tests. Abel's and Dirichlet's tests. Frullani's integral. Integral as a function of a parameter. Continuity, derivability and integrability of an integral of a function of a parameter.

#### COMPLEX ANALYSIS

UNIT-III Complex numbers as ordered pairs. Geometric representation of Complex numbers. Stereographic projection.

Continuity and differentiability of Complex functions. Analytic functions. Cauchy-Riemann equations. Harmonic functions.

Elementary functions. Mapping by elementary functions.

Mobius transformations. Fixedpoints, Cross ratio. Inverse points and critical mappings. Conformal mappings.

#### METRIC SPACES

UNIT-IV Definition and examples of metric spaces. Neighbourhoods, Limit points, Interior points, Open and closed sets, Closure and interior. Boundary points, Sub-space of a metric space. Cauchy sequences, Completeness, Cantor's intersection theorem. Contraction principle, Construction of real numbers as the completion of the incomplete metric space of rationals. Real numbers as a complete ordered field.

UNIT-V Dense subsets. Baire Category theorem. Separable, second countable and first countable spaces. Continuous functions. Extension theorem. Uniform continuity, Isometry and homeomorphism. Equivalent metrics. Compactness, Sequential compactness. Totally bounded spaces. Finite intersection property. Continuous functions and compact sets, Connectedness, Components, Continuous functions and connected sets.

#### REFERENCES :

- 1. T.M. Apostol, Mathematical Analysis, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1985.
- 2 R.R. Goldberg, Real Analysis, Oxford & IBH publishing Co., New Delhi, 1970.
- 3. S. Lang, Undergraduate Analysis, Springer-Verlag, New York, 1983.
- 4. D. Somasundaram and B. Choudhary, A First Coarse in Mathematical Analysis, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1997.
- 5. Shanti Narayan, A Course of Mathematical Analysis, S. Chand & Co. New Delhi.

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- 6. P.K. Jain and S.K. Kaushik, An introduction to Real Analysis, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2000.
- 7. R.v. Churchill & J.W. Brown, Complex Variables and Applications, 5\*" Edition, McGraw-Hill, NewYork, 1990.
- 8. MarkJ. Ablowitz & A.S.Fokas, Complex Variables: Introduction and Applications, Cambridge University Press, South Asian Edition, 1998.
- Shanti Narayan, Theory of Functions of a Complex Variable, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi.
- 10. E.t. Copson, Metric Spaces, Cambridge University Press, 1968.
- 11. P.K. Jain and K. Ahmad, Metric Spaces, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1996.
- 12. G.F. Simmons, Inroductin to Topology and Modern Analysis, McGraw-Hill, 1963.

#### PART - II (Paper Code-0899) ABSTRACT ALGEBRA

- UNIT-I Group-Automorphisms, inner automorphism. Automorphism groups and their computations, Conjugacy relation, Normaliser, Counting principle and the class equation of a finite group. Center for Group of prime-order, Abelianizing of a group and its universal property. Sylow's theorems, Sylow subgroup, Structure theorem for finite Abelian groups.
- UNIT-II Ring theory-Ring homomorphism. Ideals and Quotient Rings. Field of Quotients of an Integral Domain, Euclidean Rings, Polynomial Rings, Polynomials over the Rational Field. The Eisenstien Criterion, Polynomial Rings over Commutative Rings, Unique factorization domain. R unique factorisation domain implies so is R [x1, x2 .... xn] Modules, Submodules, Quotient modules, Homomorphism and Isomorphism theorems.
- UNIT-III Definition and examples of vector spaces. Subspaces. Sum and direct sum of subspaces, Linear span. Linear dependence, independence and their basic properties. Basis. Finite dimensional vector spaces. Existence theoremfor bases. Invariance of the number of elements of a basis set. Dimension. Existence of complementary subspace of a subspace of a finite dimensional vector space. Dimension of sums of subspaces. Quotient space and its dimension.
- UNIT-IV Linear transformations and their representation as matrices. The Algebra of linear transformations. The rank nullity theorem. Change of basis. Dual space. Bidual space and natural isomorphism. Adjoint of a linear transformation. Eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a linear transformation. Diagonalisation. Annihilator of a subspace. Bilinear, Quadratic and Hermitian forms.
- UNIT-V Inner Product Spaces-Cauchy-Schwarz inequality. Orthogonal vectors. Orthogonal Complements. Orthonormal sets and bases. Bessel's inequality for finite dimensional spaces. Gram-Schmidt Orthogonalization process.

#### REFERENCES :

- 1. I.N. Herstein, Topics in Algebra, Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi, 1975.
- 2. N. Jacobson, Basic Algebra, Vols. I & II. W.H. Freeman, 1980 (also published by Hindustan Publishing Company).
- 3. Shanti Narayan, A Text Book of Modern Abstract Algebra, S.Chand & Co. New Delhi.
- 4. K.B. Datta, Matrix and Linear Algebra, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2000.
- 5. P.B. Bhattacharya, S.K. Jain and S.R. Nagpal, Basic Abstract Algebra (2"" Edition) Cambridge University Press, Indian Edition, 1997.

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- 6. K. Hoffman and R. Kunze, Linear Algebra, 2"" Editon, Prentice Hall. Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1971.
- 7. S.K. Jain, A. Gunawardena & P.B. Bhattacharya, Basic Linear Algebra with MATLAB. Key College Publishing (Springer-Verlag) 2001.
- 8. S. Kumaresan, Linear Algebra, A.Geometric Approach, Prentice-Hall of India, 2000.
- 9. Vivek Sahai and Vikas Bist, Algebra, Norosa Publishing House, 1997.
- 10. I.S. Luther and I.B.S.Passi, Algebra, Vol. I-Groups, Vol. II-Rings. Narosa Publishing House (Vol. I-1996, Vol. II-1999)
- 11. D.S. Malik, J.N. Mordeson, and M.K. Sen, Fundamentals of Abstract Algebra, McGraw-Hill International Edition, 1997.

#### PAPER - III - (OPTIONAL)

#### (I) PRINCIPLES OF COMPUTER SCIENCE (Paper Code-0900)

- UNIT-I Data Storage Storage of bits. Main Memory. Mass Storage. Coding Information of Storage. The Binary System. Storing integers, storing fractions, communication errors.
   Data Manipulation The Central Processing Unit. The Stored-Program Concept. Programme Execution. Other Architectures. Arithmetic/Logic Instructions. Computer-Peripheral Communication.
- UNIT-II Operating System and Networks The Evolutionof Operating System. Operating System Architecture. Coordinating the Machine's Activities. Handling Competition Among Process. Networks. Networks Protocol.
  Software Engineering The Software Engineering Discipline. The Software Life Cycle.
  - Modularity. Development Tools and Techniques. Documentation. Software Ownership and Liability.
- **UNIT-III** Algorithms The Concept of an Algorithm, Algorithm Representation. Algorithm Discovery. Iterative Structures. Recursive Structures. Efficiency and Correctness. (Algorithms to be implemented in  $C^{++}$ ).
  - **Programming Languages -** Historical Perspective. Traditional Programming Concepts, Program Units. Language Implementation. Parallel Computing. Declarative Computing.
- UNIT-IV Data Structures Arrays. Lists. Stacks. Queues. Trees. Customised Data Types.

  Object Oriented Programming.
  - File Structure Sequential Files. Text Files. Indexed Files. Hashed Files. The Role of The Operating System.
  - **Database Structure -** General Issues. The Layered Approach to Database Implementation. The Relational Model. Object-Oriented Database. Maintaining Database Integrity. E-R models.
- UNIT-V Artifical Intelligence Some Philosophical Issues. Image Analysis. Reasoning, Control System Activities. Using Heuristics. Artificial Neural Networks. Application of Artificial Intelligence.
  - $\textbf{Theory of Computation -} \textbf{Turning Machines. Computable functions. A Non computable} \\ \textbf{Function. Complexity and its Measures. Problem Classification.}$

#### REFERENCES :

- 1. J. Glen Brookshear, Computer Science : An Overview, Addition Wesley.
- 2 Stanley B. Lippman, Josee Lojoie, C<sup>++</sup> Primer (3rd Edition), Addison-Wesley.

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#### PAPER - III - (OPTIONAL)

#### (II) DISCRETE MATHEMATICS (Paper Code-0901)

- UNIT-I Sets and Propositions Cardinality. Mathematical Induction, Principle of Inclusion and exclusion.
  Computability and Formal Languages Ordered Sets. Languages. Phrase Structure Grammars. Types of Grammars and Languages. Permutations. Combinations and
- Relations and Functions Binary Relations, Equivalence Relations and Partitions.
   Partial Order Relations and Lattices. Chains and Antichains. Pigeon Hole Principle.
   Graphs and Planar Graphs Basic Terminology. Multigraphs. Weighted Graphs. Paths and Circuits. Shortest Paths. Eulerian Paths and Circuits. Travelling Salesman Problem. Planner Graphs.
- UNIT-III Finite State Machines Equivalent Machines. Finite State Machines as Language Recognizers. Analysis of Algorithms Time Complexity. Complexity of Problems. Discrete Numeric Functions and Generating Functions.
- UNIT-IV1 Recurrence Relations and Recursive Algorithms Linear Recurrence Relations with Constant Coefficients. Homogeneous Solutions. Particular Solution. Total Solution. Solution by the Method of Generating Functions. Brief review of Groups and Rings.
- UNIT-V Boolean Algebras Lattices and Algebraic Structures. Duality, Distributive and Complemented Lattices. Boolean Lattices and Boolean Algebras. Boolean Functions and Expressions. Prepositional Calculus. Design and Implementation of Digital Networks. Switching Circuits.

#### REFERENCES :

C.L. Liu, Elements of Discrete Mathematics, (Second Edition), McGraw Hill, International Edition, Computer Science Series, 1986.

#### PAPER - III - (OPTIONAL)

## (III) APPLICATION OF MATHEMATICS IN FINANCE AND INSURANCE (Paper Code-0902)

#### Application of Mathematics in Finance:

Discrete Probability.

TREES.

- UNIT-I Financial Management An overview. Nature and Scope of Financial Management.

  Goals of Financial Management and main decisions of financial management.

  Difference between risk, speculation and gambling.
  - Time value of Money-Interest rate and discount rate. Present value and future valuediscrete case as well as continuous compounding case. Annuities and its kinds.
- UNIT-II Meaning of return. Return as Internal Rate of Return (IRR). Numerical Methods like Newton RaphsonMethod to calculate IRR. Measurement of returns under uncertainty situations. Meaning of risk. Difference between risk and uncertainty. Types of risks. Measurement of risk. Calculation of security and Portfolio Risk and Return-Markowitz Model. Sharpe's Single Index Model Systematic Risk and Unsystematic Risk.
- UNIT-III Taylor series and Bond Valuation. Calculation of Duration and Convexity of bonds. Financial Derivaties - Futures. Forward. Swaps and Options. Call and Put Option. Call and Put Parity Theorem. Pricing of contingent claims through Arbitrage and Arbitrage Theorem.

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#### Application of Mathematics in Insurance

- UNIT-IV Insurance Fundamentals Insurance defined. Meaning of loss. Chances of loss, peril, hazard, and proximate cause in insurance. Costs and benefits of insurance to the society and branches of insurance-life insurance and various types of general insurance. Insurable loss exposuresfeature of a loss that is ideal for insurance. Life Insurance Mathematics Construction of Mortality Tables. Computation of Premium of Life Insurance for a fixed duration and for the whole life.
- UNIT-V Determination of claims for General Insurance Using Poisson Distribution and Negative Binomial Distribution-the Polya Case.

  Determination of the amount of Claims in General Insurance Compound Aggregate claim model and its properties, and claims of reinsurance. Calculation of a compound claim density function. F-recursive and approximate formulae for F.

#### REFERENCES :

- 1. Aswath Damodaran, Corporate Finance Theory and Practice, John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- John C. Hull, Options, Futures, and Other Derivatives, Prentice-Hall of Indian Private Limited.
- 3. Sheldon M. Ross, An Introduction to Mathematical Finance, Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Mark S. Dorfman, Introduction to Risk Management and Insurance, Prentice Hall, Englwood Cliffs, New Jersey.
- 5. C.D. Daykin, T. Pentikainen and M. Pesonen, Practical Risk Theoryfor Actuaries, Chapman & Hall.

PAPER - III - (OPTIONAL)

Theory component will have maximum marks 30. Practical component will have maximum marks 20.

## (IV) PROGRAMMING IN C AND NUMERICAL ANALYSIS (Thoury & Practical) (Paper Code-0903)

UNIT-I Programmer's model of a computer. Algorithms. Flow Charts. Data Types. Arithmetic and input/output instructions. Decisions control structures. Decision statements. Logical and Conditional operators. Loop. Case control structures. Functions. Recursions. Preprocessors. Arrays. Puppetting of strings. Structures. Pointers. File formatting.

#### Numerical Analysis

- UNIT-II Solution of Equations: Bisection, Secant, Regula Falsi, Newton's Method, Roots of Polynomials: Interpolation: Lagrange and Hermite Interpolation, Divided Differences, Difference Schemes, Interpolation Formulasusing Differences. Numerical Differentiation. Numerical Quadrature: Newton-Cote's Formulas. Gauss Quadrature Formulas, Chebychev's Formulas.
- UNIT-III Linear Equations: Direct Methods for Solving. Systems of Linear Equations (Guass Elimination, LU Decomposition, Cholesky Decomposition), Iterative Methods (Jacobi, GaussSeidel, Relaxation Methods).
  - The Algebraic Eigenvalue problem : Jacobi's Method, Givens' Method, Householder's Method, Power Method, QR Method, Lanezos' Method.
- UNIT-IV Ordinary Differential Equations: Euler Method, Single-step Methods, Runge-Kutta's Method, Multi-step Methods, Milne-Simpson Method, Methods Based on Numerical

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Integration, Methods Based on Numerical Differentiation, Boundary Value Problems, Eigenvalue Problems.

Approximation: Different Types of Approximation, Least Square Polynomial Approximation, Polynomial Approximation using Orthogonal Polynomials, Approximation with Trigonometric Functions, Exponential Functions, Chebychev Polynomials, Rational Functions.

**Unit-V** Monte Carlo Methods Random number generation, congruential generators, statistical tests of pseudo-random numbers.

Random variate generation, inverse tranform method, composition method, acceptancerejection method, generation of exponential, normal variates, binomial and Poisson variates.

Monte Carlo integration, hit or miss Monte Carlo integration, Monte Carlo integration for improper integrals, error analysis for Monte Carlo integration.

#### REFERENCES :

- 1. Henry Mullish& Herbert L. Cooper, Spirit of C: An Introduction to Modern Programming, Jaico Publishers, Bombay.
- 2. B.W. Kernighan and D.M. Ritchie. The C Programming Language 2"d Edition, (ANSI features) Prentice Hall, 1989.
- 3. Peter A Darnel and Philip E. Margolis, C: A Software Engineering Approach, Narosa Publishing House, 1993.
- 4. Robert C. Hutehisonand Steven B. Just, Programming using C Language, McGraw Hill, 1988
- 5. Les Hancock and Morris Krieger, The C Primer, McGraw Hill, 1988.
- 6. V. Rajaraman, Programming in C, Prentice Hall of India, 1994.
- 7. Byron S. Gottfried, Theory and Problems of Programming with C, tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., 1998.
- 8 C.E. Froberg, Introduction to Numerical Analysis, (Second Edition), Addison-Wesley, 1979.
- 9. James B. Scarborough, Numerical Mathematical Anasysis, Oxford and IBHPublishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. 1966.
- 10. Melvin J. Maron, Numerical Analysis A Practical Approach, Macmillan publishing Co., Inc. New York, 1982.
- 11. M.K. Jain, 'S.R.K. lyengar, R.K. Jain, Numerical Methods Problems and Solutions, New Age International (P) Ltd., 1996.
- 12. M.K. Jain, S.R.K. lyengar, R.K. Jain, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, New Age International (P) Ltd., 1999.
- 13. R.Y. Rubistein, Simulation and the Monte Carlo Methods, John Wiley, 1981.
- 14. D.J. Yakowitz Computational Probability and Simulation, Addison-Wesley, 1977.

### PAPER - III - (OPTIONAL)

#### (IV) PRACTICAL

#### PROGRAMMING IN C AND NUMERICAL ANALYSIS

#### LIST OF PRACTICAL TO BE CONDUCTED...

- 1. Write a program in C to find out the largest number of three integer numbers.
- 2. Write a program in C to accept monthly salary from the user, find and display income tax with the help of following rules:

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Monthly Salary Income Tax

9000 or more 40% of monthly salary 7500 or more 30% of monthly salary 7499 or less 20% of monthly salary

- 3. Write a program in C that reads a year and determine whether it is a leap year or not.
- 4. Write a program in C to calculate and print the first n terms of fibonacci series using looping statement.
- 5. Write a program in C that reads in a number and single digit. It determines whether the first number contains the digit or not.
- 6. Write a program in C to computes the roots of a quadratic equation using case statement.
- 7. Write a program in C to find out the largest number of four numbers using function.
- 8. Write a program in C to find the sum of all the digits of a given number using recursion.
- 9. Write a program in C to calculate the factorial of a given number using recursion.
- 10. Write a program in C to calculate and print the multiplication of given 2D matrices.
- 11. Write a program in C to check that whether given string palindrome or not.
- 13. Write a program in C to determine the grade of all students in the class using Structure. Where structure having following members name, age, roll, sub 1, sub2, sub3, sub4 and total.
- 14. Write a program in C to copy one string to another using pointers. (Without using standard library functions).
- 15. Write a program in C to store the data of five students permanently in a data file using file handling.

#### PAPER - III - (OPTIONAL)

#### (V) MATHEMATICAL MODELLING (Paper Code-0904)

#### The Process of Applied mathematics.

- **UNIT-I** Setting up first-order differential equations Qualitative solution sketching. Difference and differential equation growth models.
- UNIT-II Single-species population models. Population growth-An age structure model. The spread of Technological innovation.
- UNIT-III Higher-order linear models- A model for the detection of diabetes. Combat modes. Traffic models Car-following models. Equilibrium speed distributions.
- UNIT-IV Nonlinear population growth models. Prey-Predator models. Epidemic growth models. Models from political science Proportional representation-cumulative voting, comparison voting.
- UNIT-V Applications in Ecological and Environmental subject areas- Urban waste water management planning.

#### REFERENCES :

- 1. Differential equation models, Eds. Martin Braun, C.S. Coleman, D.A. Drew.
- 2. Political and Related Models, Steven. J. Brams, W.F. Lucas, P.D. Straftin (Eds.)
- 3. Discrete and System models, W.F. Lucas, F.S. Roberts, R.M. Thrall.
- 4. Life Science Models, H.M. Roberts & M. Thompson.
- All volumes published as modules in applied Mathematics, Springer-Verlag, 1982.
- 5. Mathematical Modelling by J.N. Kapur, New Age International, New Delhi.

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#### BOTANY

#### PAPER-I (Paper Code-0915)

#### PLANT PHYSIOLOGY, BIOCHEMISTRY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY

M.M. : 50

- **UNIT-I** Plant-water relations: Importance of water to plant life; physical properties of water; diffusion and osmosis; absorption, transport of water and transpiration; physiology of stomata.
  - Mineral nutrition: Essential macro and micro-elements and their role; mineral uptake; deficiency and toxicity symptoms.
- UNIT-II Transport of organic substances : Mechanism of phloem transport ; source-sink relationship ; factors affecting translocation.
  - Basic of enzymology: Discovery and nomenclature; characteristics of enzymes; concept of holoenzyme apoenzyme, coenzyme and cofactors; regulation of enzyme activity, mechanizm of action.
  - Photosynthesis: Significance; historical aspects; photosynthetic pigments; action spectra and enhancement effects; concept of two photosystems; Z-scheme; photophosphorylation; Calvin cycle; C4 pathway; CAM plants; photorespiration.
- UNIT-III Respiration: ATP the biological energy currency; aerobic and anaerobic respiration; Kreb's cycle, electron transport mechanism (chemi-osmotic theory); redox potential; oxidative phosphorylation; pentose phosphate pathway.
  - Nitrogen and lipid metabolism: Biology of nitrogen fixation; importance of nitrate reductase and its regulations; ammonium assimilation; structure and function of lipids; fatty acid biosynthesis; Beta-oxidation; saturated and unsaturated fatty acids; storage and mobilization of fatty acids.
- UNIT-IV Growth and development: Definitions; phases of growth and development; kinetics of growth, seed dommancy, seed germination and factors of their regulation; plant movements; the concept of photoperiodism; physiology of flowering; florigen concept; biological clocks; physiology of senescence, fruit ripening; plant hormones auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins, abscisic acid and ethylene, history of their discovery, biosynthesis and mechanism of action; photomorphogenesis; phytochromes and cryptochromes, their discovery, physiological role and mechanism of action.
- UNIT-IV Genetic engineering: Tools and techniques of recombinant DNA technology; cloning vectors; genomic and cDNA library; transposable elements; techniques of gene mapping and chromosome walking.
  - Biotechnology: Functional definition; basic aspects of plant tissue culture; cellular totipotency, differentiation and morphogenesis; biology of Agrobacterium; vectors for gene delivery and marker genes; salient achievements in crop biotechnology.

#### PAPER-II (Paper Code-0916)

#### ECOLOGY AND UTILIZATION OF PLANTS M.M. : 50

UNIT-I Plants and environment: Atmosphere (gaseous composition), water (properties of water cycle), light (global radiation, photosynthetically active radiation), temperature, soil (development, soil profiles, physico-chemical properties), and biota.
Morphological, anatomical and physiological responses of plants to water (hydrophytes and xerophytes), temperature (thermoperiodicity), light (photoperiodism, heliophytes and sciophytes) and salinity.

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UNIT-II Community Ecology: Community characteristics, frequency, density, cover, life forms biological spectrum; ecological succession.

Ecosystems: Structure, abiotic and biotic components; food chain, food web, ecological pyramids, energy flow; biogeochemical cycles of carbon, nitrogen and phosphorus.

UNIT-III Population ecology: Growth curves; ecotypes; ecads.

Biogeographical regions of India.

Vegetation types of India: Forests and grasslands.

UNIT-IV Utilization of Plants

Food plants: Rice, wheat, maize, potato, sugercane.

Fibres: Cotton and jute.

Vegetable oils: Groundnut, mustard and coconut

General account of sources of firewood, timber and bamboos.

UNIT-V Spices : General account.

Medicinal plants : General account

Beverages: Tea and coffee.

Rubber.

	PRACTICAL SO	M.M. 50	
01.	Physiology	08	
02.	Ecology	08	
03.	Utilization of Plants	05	
04.	Biochemistry / Biotechnology	05	
05.	Spotting (1-5 spots)	10	
06.	Project work	04	
07.	Viva V.	05	
08.	Sessional	05	
		50	

#### Suggested Laboratory Exercises

- To study the permeability of plasma membrance using different concentrations of organicsolvents.
- 2 To study the effect of temperature on permeability of plasma membrane.
- To prepare the standard curve of protein and determine the protein content in unknown samples.
- 4. To study the enzyme activity of catalase and peroxidase as inflenced by pH and temperature.
- 5. Comparison of the rate of respiration of various plant parts.
- 6. Separation of chloroplast pigment by solvents method.
- 7. Determining the osmotic potential of vacuolar sap by plsmolytic method.
- 8. Determining the water potental of any tuber.
- 9. Separation of amino acids in a mixtue by paper chromatography and their identification by comparison with standards.
- 10. Bioassay of auxin, cytokinin, GA. ABA and ethylene using appropriate plant material.
- 11. Demonstration of the technique of micropropagation by using different explants, e.g. axillary buds, shoot meristems.
- 12. Demonstration of the technique of anther culture.
- 13. Isolation of protoplasts from different tissues using commercially available enzymes.
- 14. Demonstration of root and shoot formation from the apical and basal portion of stem segments in liquid medium containing different hormones.

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#### Suggested Laboratory Expercises (Ecology)

- 1 To determine minimum number of quadrats required for reliable estimate of biomass in grasslands.
- 2 To study the frequency of herbaceous species in grassland and to compare the frequency distribution with Raunkair's Standard Frequency Diagram.
- 3. To estimate importance Value Index for grassland species on the basis of relative frequency, relative density and relative biomass in protected and grazed grassland.
- 4. To measure the vegetation cover of grassland through point frame method.
- 5. To measure the aboveground plant biomass in a grassland.
- 6. To determine Kemp's constant for dicot and monocot leaves and to estimate the leaf area index of a grassland community.
- 7. To determine diversity indices (richness, Simpson, Shannon-Wiener) in grazed and protected grassland.
- 8. To estimate bulk density and porosity of grassland and woodland soils.
- 9. To determine moisture content and water holding capacity of grassland and woodland soil.
- 10. To study the vegetation structure through profile diagram.
- 11. To estimate transparency, pH and temperature of different water bodies.
- 12. To measure dissolved oxygen content in polluted and unpolluted water samples.
- 13. To estimate salinity of different water samples.
- To determine the percent leaf area injury of different leaf samples collected around polluted sites.
- 15. To estimate dust holding capacity of the leaves of different plant species.

#### PRACTICAL

#### Suggested Laboratory Exercises (for Utilization of Plants)

- Food Plants: Study of the morphology, structure and simple microchemical tests of the food storing tissues in rice, wheat, maize, potato and sugarcane, Microscopic exmaination of starch in these plants (excepting sugarcane)
- 2 Fibres: Study of cotton flowers, sectioning of the cotton ovules/developing seeds to trace the origin and development of cotton fibres. Microscopic study of cotton and test for cellulose, Sectioning and staining of jute stem to show the location and development of firbres. Microscopic structure. Test for lignocellulose.
- 3. Vegetable oils: Study of hand sections of groundnut, mustard and coconut and staining of oil droplets by Sudan III and Sudan Black.
- 4. Field visits: To study sources of firewood (10 plants), timber-yielding trees (10 trees) and bamboos. A list to be prepared mentioning special features.
- 5. Spices: Examine black pepper, cloves, cinnamon (hand sections) and opened fruits of cardamom and describe them briefly.
- 6. Preparation of an illustrated inventory of 10 medicinal plants used in indigenous systems of medicine or allopathy: Write their botanical and common names, parts used and disease/disorders for which they are prescribed.
- 7. Beverages: Cut Sections of boiled coffee beans and tea leaves to study the characterstic structural features.
- Rubber: Collect illustrative materials of Hevea brasillensis; morphology of the plant and tapping practices, history of rubber. List the many uses of rubber.

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#### ZOOLOGY

#### Paper-I (Paper Code-0917)

Ecology, Environmental-biology; Toxicology; Microbiology and Medical Zology.

Attempting one question from each unit will be compulsory. 100% chice be given.

#### UNIT-I (ECOLOGY)

- 1. Aims and scopes of Ecology.
- 2. Major ecosystems of the world-Brief intruduction
- 3. Population- Characteristics and regualtion of densities.
- 4. Communities and Ecosystems.
- 5. Biogeochemical cycles
- 6. Air and water pollution
- 7. Ecological succession

#### UNIT-II (ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY)

- 1. Laws of limiting factors
- 2. Food chain in a freshwater ecosystem.
- 3. Energy flow in ecosystem-Trophic levels
- 4. Conservation of Natural resources
- 5. Environmental impact Assessment

#### UNIT-III (TOXICOLOGY)

- 1. Definition of Toxicity
- 2. Classification of toxicants
- 3. Principle of systematic toxicology
- 4. Toxic agents and their action- Metallic and inorganic agents
- 5. Animal poisons Snake-venom, Scorpion and bee poisoning
- 6. Food pisoning

#### UNIT-IV (MICROBIOLOGY)

- 1. General and Applied microbiology.
- 2. Microbiology of Domestic water and sewage
- 3. Microbiology of milk and milk products
- 4. Industrial microbiology

#### UNIT-V (MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY)

- 1. Brief introduction to pathogenic micro-organisurs, Rickettsia, Spirochaetes and Bacteria.
- 2. Brief account of life-history and pathogenicity of the following pathogens with reference to man; Prophylaxis and treatment -
  - (a) Pathogenic Protozoans Entamoeba, Trypanosoma, and Giardia
  - (b) Pathogenic helminths Schistosoma
  - (c) Nematode Pathogenic parasites of man
- 3. Vector insects

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#### PAPER-II

#### (Paper Code-0918)

## (GENETIC'S, CELL PHYSIOLOGY, BIOCHEMISTRY, BIOTECHNOLOGY AND BIOTECHNIQUES)

Note: Attempting one question from each unit will be compulsory, 100% choice be given.

#### UNIT-I (GENETIC'S)

- 1. Linkage and Linkage maps
- 2 Varieties of gene expression Multiple alleles; lithogenesis; Pleiotropic genes; gene interaction; epistasis.
- 3. Sexchromosome systems, and sex-linkage.
- 4. Mutation and chromosomal alterations; meiotic consequences.
- 5. Human genetics chromosomal and single gene disorders (somatic cell genetics)

#### UNIT-II (CELL PHYSIOLOGY)

- 1. General idea about pH and Buffer.
- 2 Transport across membrane cell membrane; Mitochondria and Endoplasmic reticulum.
- 3. Active transport and its mechanism; Active transport in Mitochondria and Endoplasmic reticulum.
- 4. Hydrolytic enzymes Their chemical nature, Activation and specificity.

#### UNIT-III (BIOCHEMISTRY)

- 1. Amino acids and Peptides Basic structure and biological function.
- 2 Carbohydrate and its metabolism Glycogenesis; Gluconeogenesis; glycolysis, Glycogenolysis; Cosi-cycle.
- 3. Lipid metabolism Oxidation of glycerol; oxidation of fatty acid.
- 4. Protein metabolism Deamination, Transamination, Transmethylation; Biosynthesis of Protein;

#### UNIT-IV (BIOTECHNOLOGY)

- 1. Biotechnology Scope and importance.
- 2. Recombinant DNA and Gene cloning.
- 3. Cloned genes and other tools of biotechnology.
- 4. Applications of biotechnology in (i) Pharmaceutical industry, and (ii) Food processing industry.

#### UNIT-V (BIOTECHNIQUE)

Principles and techniques about the following

- 1. pH meter
- Colorimeter
- 3. Microscopy-Light microscopes, Phase contrast and Electron microscopes.
- 4. Centrifugation
- 5. Separation of biomolecules by chromatography, and Electrophoresis
- 6 Histrochemical methods for determination of Protein, Lipids, and carbohydrate

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#### PRACTICAL WORK

The Practical work in general shall be based on syllabus prescribed in theory.

The candidates will be required to show knowledge of the following:

- 1. Estimation of population density, Percentage frequency, Relative density.
- 2. Analysis of Producers and consumers in grassland.
- 3. Detection of gram-negative and gram-positive bacteria.
- 4. Blood group detection (A,B, AB & O).
- 6. R.B.C., W.B.C. count.
- 6. Blood coagulation time.
- 7. Preparation of Hematin crystals from blood of rat.
- 8. Observation of Drosophila, wild and mutant.
- 9. Chromatography-Paper or gel.
- 10. Colorimetric estimation of hemoglobin.
- 11. Mitosis in anian root tip.
- 12. Biochemical detection of Carbohydrate, Protein and Lipid.
- 13. Study of Permanent slides of Parasites, based on theory paper.
- 14. Working Principles of pH meter, Colorimeter, centrifuge and microscopes.

#### SCHEDULE FOR PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

Duration	: 4 Hrs.	Max	Marks	:	50
1.	Haematological Experiment:	80	marks		
	(R.B.Cs./W.B.Cs. Counting/Blood group detection)				
2.	Ecological Experiment:	06	marks		
	(Estimation of Population Density/Frequency/relative Density)				
3.	Staining of Gram +ve and Gram -ve Bacteria/cytological	05	marks		
	experiment : Mitosis in anian root tip				
4.	Biochemical Experiment:	06	marks		
	(biochemical detection of carbohydrate/protein lipid)				
5.	Chromatography	05	marks		
6.	Spotting:	10	marks		
	Study of permanent slides of Parasites : 3				
	Comments on working Principles of pH meter /				
	Calorimeter / centrifuge and Microscope :				
7.	Viva Voce	05	marks		
8.	Sessional:	05	marks		

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#### MICRO-BIOLOGY SCHEME OF PRACTICAL

Duration	: 4 Hrs.	Max Marks :	50
1.	Characterization and Identification of micro-organism		
	from any given source	15	
2.	Biochemical identification of some biodegraded organic		
	molecules	10	
3.	Spots (1 to 5)	10	
4.	Viva voce	05	
5.	Sessional	10	
		Total - 50	

#### (PRACTICAL SYLLABUS)

#### MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND GENETIC ENGINEERING

Characterization of genetic markers of known bacterial strains.

Phage growth curve.

Isolation of DNA from bacteria.

Isolation of plasmid DNA and restriction analysis.

Simple cloning using plasmid DNA as vector and transformation of competent  ${\tt E.}$  colicels.

Electrophoretic analysis of proteins.

Isolation of Bacteria from air and soil (crop fields)

Isolation of Fungi from air and soil

Study of rhizospheric & Phyllospheric microbes of some economically important plants

Biodegradation study of some organic molecules

microbial assessment of potable water

Analysis of sewage waste

Analysis of Garbages (soild wastes)

#### REFERENCE :

Philipp Gorhardt, manual of Methods for general Bacteriology. ASM. 536pp.

#### PAPER-I (Paper Code-0923)

#### MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND GENETIC ENGINEERING M.M.5

- **UNIT-I** History of molecular biology, model systems, concepts of molecular biology, Early history of genetic engineering, genetic engineering concepts, ethical issue.
- UNIT-II Mutation; spontaneous and induced, base pair change, fram shift, deletion, inversion, random duplication, insertion, useful phenotypes (auxotrophs, conditional lethal, resistance). Revertion vs suppression, Ame's test.
- **INIT-III** Function of macromolecules; early observation on the mechanism of heredity, DNA as genetic material; basic mechanism of replication, enzymes involved in replication, Enzymes involved in transcription translation, genetic code, regulation of gene expression-transcription, translation and control of gene expression in microbes.
- UNIT-IV DNA repair and restriction, types of repair systems, restriction modification systems, types of restriction enzymes, properties and uses, methylation.

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Biology of plasmids. Bacteriophages, lytic vs lysosogenic phages, single standard DNA phages, M 13, restriction modification systems, restriction enzymes.

UNIT-V Plasmid and phage vectors, restriction and ligation of vector and passenger DNA, transformation of host cells, selection vs. screening of recombinant colonies, analysis of recombinant clones, DNA sequencing, protein separation and identification methods.

#### TEXT BOOKS :

- 1. Essentials of Molecular Biology by GM Malacinski.
- 2. Genes IX by Benjamin Lewin
- 3. Molecular Biology by TA Brown.

#### PAPER - II (Paper Code-0924)

#### ENVIRONMENTAL AND MEDICAL MICROBIOLOGY

M.M.50

- UNIT-I Aerobiology; definition, droplet nuclei, aerosol assessment of air quality, some important air borne diseases caused by bacteria (Diptheria, Peneumonia, Meningitis), virus (Influenza, Chicken pox, Measels) and fungi (mycosis); their symptoms and preventive measures.
- UNIT-II Soil microbiology: Physical and chemical characteristics and micro flora of various soil types, rhizosphere, phyllosphere. Brief account of microbial interactions: symbiosis, mutualism, commensalism, competition, amensalism, synergism, parasitism, and predation.

Biofertilizers - biological nitrogen fixation, nitroginase enzyme, nif genes, symbiotic nitrogen fixation, and non-symbiotic nitrogen fixation (Azotobacter, Azospirillum), VAM-ecto-endo-ectendomycorrhizae.

UNIT-III Aquaticd microbiology; ecosystem, fresh water (ponds, lakes, stream) and marine, Water zonation: upwelling, entrophication.

Potability of water - microbial assessment of water quality.

Brief account of water borne diseases (Typhoid, Dysentery, Cholera, Hepatitis) and preventive measures.

UNIT-IV Food spoilage and food borne infections.

A brief mention about biodegradation, xenobiotics, bioaccumulation, biopestisides and deterioration.

General concept of industrial microbiology and their applications.

**UNIT-V** Waste Treatment: types of wastes, characterization of solid and liquid waste, waste treatment solid saccharification, qasification, composting.

Liquid waste treatment - aerobic, anaerobic primary, secondary and tertiary methods. Useful byproducts, mushroom, fuel, fertilizer, Biodegradation of industrial waste.

#### REFERENCES :

- 1. Food Microbiology by WC Frazier and D Westhoff.
- 2 Agricultural Microbiology by Bhagyaraj and Rangaswamy.
- 3. Bioremediation by KH Baker and DS Herson.
- 4. Scott's Diagnostic Microbiology by EJ Baron.

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## PRACTICAL FOR B.SC. PART III (MICROBIOLOGY)

Characterization of genetic markers of known bacterial strain

Isolation of DNA from bacteria

Isolation of plasmid DNA

Time: 4 hors

Total

Simple cloning using plasmid DNA as vector and transformation of competent E. coli Electrophoresis of protein / DNA.

Isolation of microorginsms from air, soil and water.

Isolation of pathogenic microorganisms.

Study of rhizospheric and phyllowpheric microbes from economically important plants.

Biodegradation of some organic molecules.

Microbial assessment of potable water.

Analysis of sewage waste, solid waste (garbage).

Isolation of aquatic fungi (zoosporic) by baiting technique.

Isolation of keratinophilic fungi soil by baiting technique

Demonstration of beacterial antagonism.

Microscopic observation of root colonization by VAM fungi.

#### SCHEME FOR PRACTICAL EXAMINATION

M.M. : 50

150

1.	Characterization and identification of microorganism from given source/	
	Isolation of plasmid DNA/Genomic DNA	15
2.	Biochemical identification of some biodegraded organic molecules/	
	Microbial assessment of potable water/BOD/COD	10
3.	Spotting (1-5)	10
4.	Viva-Voce	05
5.	Sessional	10

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### विषय-भू-विज्ञान सैद्धांतिक प्रश्न पत्र- प्रथम

पूर्णांक-50

#### ( पेपर कोड-0905 )

- **इकाई-1** 1. खनिज उपलब्धता के नियामक तथ्य । वैश्विक खनिज नियम एवं संसाधन ।
  - 2. दिक्काल में खिनज निक्षेपों का वितरण, पारम्परिक एवं गैर पारम्परिक ऊर्जा संसाधन: सूर्य-आतप, जल, वायु, उष्ण झरने, समुद्र तरंगे।
  - 3. अयस्क निर्माणकारी खनिज: धात्विक एवं अधात्विक। अयस्क निर्माण की मैग्मीय सांद्रगण विधि।
  - 4. उष्ण जलीय-प्रक्रियायें, स्कार्न ।
  - 5. उपक्षय उत्पाद एवं अवशिष्ट निक्षेप । आक्सीकरण एवं सल्फाइड समृद्धि प्रक्रम ।
- इकाई-2 1. अयस्क निर्माण की अवसादी प्रक्रिया।
  - 2. प्रतिस्थापन एवं जीवाश्विक अवक्षेपण, कोलायडल निक्षेपण । लवणीजल का वाष्पोत्सर्जन ।
  - 3. अयस्क निर्माण की कायान्तरणी प्रक्रिया ।
  - 4. भू-वैज्ञानिक कालों में वैश्विक विर्तनिकी एवं धानुनिर्मिती ।
  - 5. भू-वैज्ञानिक वितरण, खनिजकीय विशेषता तथा भारत में निम्न धातु निक्षेपों का वितरण लौह-मैगर्नीज-क्रोमियम
- इकाई-3 1. भू-वैज्ञानिक वितरण-खनिजकीय विशेषता एवं भारत में निम्न धातु निक्षेपों का वितरण : ताम्र-सीसा-जस्ता।
  - 2. भू-वैज्ञानिक वितरण- खनिजकीय विशेषता एवं भारत में निम्न धातु निक्षेपों का वितरण: सोना-अल्युमिनियम।
  - 3. भू-वैज्ञानिक वितरण- खनिजकीय विशेषता एवं भारत में निम्न अधातु निक्षेपों का वितरण: तापसह एवं उर्वरक खनिज ।
  - 4. भू-वैज्ञानिक वितरण- खनिजकीय विशेषता एवं भारत में निम्न अधातु निक्षेपों का वितरण : सीमेंट एवं केमिकल उद्योग में प्रयुक्त खनिज एवं वास्तुप्रास्तर ।
  - 5. भू-वैज्ञानिक वितरण- खनिजकीय विशेषता एवं भारत में निम्न अधातु निक्षेपों का वितरण : रत्न ।
- इकाई-4 1. धातु सांद्रण की प्रमुख विधियाँ : ताम्र एवं मैग्नींज ।
  - 2. खनिज दोहन के पर्यावरणीय प्रभाव ।
  - 3. कोयला निक्षेपों की उत्पत्ति, परिभाषा एवं संस्तर विज्ञान ।
  - 4. कोल-शैलिकी के मूलभूत तथ्य ।पीट, लिग्नाइट, विट्रमिनस, एंथ्रासाइट ।
  - 5. भारतीय कोयला निक्षेप : विशेष संदर्भ में छत्तीसगढ ।
- इकाई-5 1. प्राकृतिक हाइड्रोकार्बन की उत्पत्ति, स्थानांतरण एवं स्थानबद्धता, स्त्रोत एवं संचयकारी
  - 2. आयलट्रेप के प्रकार-संरचनात्मक, स्तरविज्ञानी एवं मिश्रित ।
  - 3. भारत के तटीय एवं अपतटीय पेट्रोलियम निक्षेप ।
  - 4. रेडियोधर्मी खनिज: खनिजकीय, भू-रसायन, पूर्वेक्षण तकनीक।
  - 5. भारत वर्ष में रेडियोधर्मी खनिज का वितरण ।

### विषय-भू-विज्ञान सैद्धांतिक प्रश्न पत्र-द्वितीय

(पेपर कोड-0906)

( प्राकृतिक पर्यावरण, दूर-संवेदन, भू-जल एवं खनिज-अन्वेषण )

पूर्णांक-50

इकाई-1 1. पर्यावरण भू-विज्ञान की अवधारणायें एवं परिभाषा ।

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- 2. मृदानिर्माण-मृदा प्रकार ।
- पृथ्वी की प्राकृतिक-पारिस्थितिकी तंत्र की अवधारणायें: उनकी अंतर्क्रियाएं एवं अर्न्तसम्बन्ध ।
- प्राकृतिक पर्यावरण पर मानव का पर्यावरण ।
- 5. नदी मार्ग का अंतरण : मार्ग अंतरण का मृदा अपरदन पर प्रभाव : भूस्खलन एवं बाढ़ ।
- **इकाई-2** 1. वृहत्त बांध, जलाशय, सुरंगें आदि के निर्माण में स्थल चयन एवं पर्यावरणीय प्रभावों का अध्ययन ।
  - 2. हवाई-छायाचित्रों एवं उपग्रह इमेजियरी का प्रारंभिक अध्ययन ।
  - 3. शहरी विकास एवं वृहद्अभियांत्रिकी संरचनाओं की आयोजना में दूर-संवेदन तकनीकों का अनुप्रयोग ।
  - 4. फोटो जियोलॉजिकल मानचित्रों का निर्माण ।
  - 5. जल चक्र ।

# इकाई-3 भूजलसंचयीशैल

- शैल एवं उनका वर्गीकरण
- 2. जलमृतशैलों का वर्गीकरण : डार्सि का नियम एवं उसकी उपयुक्ता ।
- 3. भारत का भूजल-प्रदेश।
- 4. जलग्रहण प्रबंधन की अवधारणायें
- 5. सतही एवं अधो सतही निष्कर्षण विधियाँ ।
- इकाई-4 1. आर्थिक खनिजों के लिये पूर्वेक्षण विधियाँ : ड्रीलिंग, प्रतिनयन एवं आमापन
  - 2. खिनज पूर्वेक्षण की गुरूत्वी, विद्युतीय एवं चुम्बकीय विधियाँ।
  - 3. पूर्वेक्षण की हवाई एवं भूकम्पीय विधियाँ।
  - 4. पूर्वेक्षण की भू-पादपीय विधियाँ।
  - पूर्वेक्षण की भू-रासायनिक विधियाँ ।
- इकाई-5 1. बोरहोललागिंग एवं विचलन सांख्यिकी ।
  - 2. खनिज खपत का परिवर्तनशील स्वरूप ।
  - 3. राष्ट्रीय खनिज नीति ।
  - 4. खनिज-कन्शेसन-नियम ।
  - 5. समुद्री खनिज संसाधन एवं तत्संबंधित नियम ।

# प्रायोगिक प्रश्न पत्र

अधिकतम अंक-50

# प्रयोगशाला कार्य-35 अंक

क्षेत्रीय अध्ययन-15 अंक

- अयस्क निर्माणकारी खनिजों के भौतिक एवं प्रकाशीय गुणों का अध्ययन ।
- 2. भारत के मानचित्र में अयस्क निक्षेप एवं आर्थिक महत्व को खनिजों का वितरण ।
- 3. कोयला एवं उसके विभिन्न प्रकारों के नमूनों का स्थूलदर्शी अध्ययन ।
- 4. रेडियोधर्मी खनिज एवं उनके आतिथेय शैलों का स्थूलदर्शी अध्ययन ।
- 5. खिनज निष्कर्षण से संबंधित प्रयोगशाला अभ्यास कार्य, निक्षेप आंकलन, टनेज फेक्टर आंकलन, ड्रिलिंग आदि से संबंधित ।
- स्टिरियोस्कोप के द्वारा ऐरियल छाया चित्रों का अध्ययन एवं विवेचना ।
- उपग्रह इमेजियरी का अध्ययन एवं विवेचना ।

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# भू-वैज्ञानिक-क्षेत्रीय अध्ययन :

15 दिवसीय भू-वैज्ञानिक क्षेत्रीय अध्ययन कार्य, जिसमें संरचनात्मक दृष्टि से जटिल क्षेत्रों में भू-वैज्ञानिक मानचित्र एवं शैल नमुनों का संग्रहण तथा प्रयोगशाला कार्य एवं फील्ड रिपोर्ट का अनुलेखन ।

## BOOK RECOMMENDED FOR PAPER-I

Evans, A.M. 1993. - Ore Geology and Indusrial Minerals

Sawkins, F.J. 1984 - Metal Deposits in relation in plate Tecto. Springer.

Stanton, R.L. 1972 - Ore Petrology. Mograw Hill

Mookherjee A. 2000 - Ore Geniois - a helistic Approach Allied Publisher

Chandra 2000 - Text book of coal (Indian context) Tara book Agency,

Varanashi

Selley, R.C.1998 - Elements of Petroleum Geology. Academic Press
Torling D.H. 1981 - Economic Geology and Geofectericks Blackwell

Melustry, H.E. 1962 - Mining Geology 2nd Ed., Asia Pub. House

Arogya Swamy, RPN 1996 - Gourses in rining Geology IV Ed. Oxford IBH

Dahl Kamp F.J. 1993 - Uranium Ore Deposits Springer

## BOOK RECOMMENDED FOR PAPER-II

Valdiya K.S. 1987 Environmental Geology-Tata MacgrawHill

Keller, E.A. 1978 - Environmental Geology-Bell & Hewell

Subramanium V. 2001 - Textbook in Environmental Science, Narosa International

Bell, F.G. 1999 - Geological Hazards, Routledge, London

Drury, S.A. 1987 - Image Interpretation in Geology

Siegal, B.S. and Gillespie A.R.1980- Remote Sensing in Geology, John Wiley

Pandey, S.N. - Principles and Application of Photology. Wiley Eastern,

New Delhi

Todd. D.K. 1980 - Groundwater Hydrology, John Wiley

Raghunath, N.M. 1982 - Ground Water, Wiley Eastern

Karanth, K.R. 1987 - Groundwater Assessment Development and Management,

- Tata Macgraw Hill

Subramanium, V.2000 - Water, KingstonPubl. London

Sharma P.V. 1986 - Geophysical Methods in Geology Mcgraw Hill

Krynine, D.H. & Juddwr 1998 - Principles of Engineering G. CBS Edition

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## **STATISTICS**

## PAPER-I

## (Paper Code-0907)

# APPLIED STATISTICS

- UNIT-I Indian Applied Statistical System: Present official statistical system in India, Methods of collection of official statistics, their reliability and limitations, and the principal publications containing such statistics on the topics-population agriculture, industry, trade, price, labour and employment, transport and communications, banking and finance.
  (15L)
- UNIT-II Demographic Methods: Sources of demographic data census, register, adhoc survey, hospital records, demographic profiles of Indian census. Measurement of mortality and life tables- crude, death rates, infant mortality rates, death date by cause, standardized death rate, complete life table its main features, mortality rate and probability of dying, use of survival tables. Measurement of fertility crude birth rate, general fertility rate, total fertility rate, gross reproduction rate, net reproduction rate.
- UNIT-III Economic Statistics: Index number its definition, applications of index numbers. price relatives and quantity or volume relatives, link and chain relatives, problems involved in computation of index numbers, use of averages, simple aggregative and weighted average methods, Laspeyre's, Paasche's and Fisher's index numbers, time and factor reversal tests of index numbers. Consumer Price Index. (20L)
- UNIT-IV Static laws of demand and supply, price elasticity of demand, analysis of income and allied size distribution - Pareto distribution, graphical test, fitting of Pareto's law, log normal distribution and its properties, Lorenz curve and estimation of elasticity from time series data. Gini's coefficient.
- UNIT-V Time Series Analysis: Economic time series, its different components, Illustrations, additive and multiplicative models, determination of trend, growth curves, analysis of seasonal fluctuations construction of seasonal indices. (151)

# REFERENCES :

- 1. Croxton F.E. and Cowden D.J. (1969) : Applied General Statistics, Prentice Hall of India.
- 2 Goon, A.M., Gupta, M.K., Das gupta, B (1986) : Fundamentals of statistics, vol.-II, World Press, Calcutta.
- 3. Guide to Current Indian Offical Statistics : Central Statistical Organization, Govt. of India, New Delhi.
- 4. Saluja M.P. () Indian Official statistical Systems, Statistical Publishing Society, Calcutta.
- 5. Srivastava, O.S. (1983): A textbook of Demography, Vikas Publishing.

## ADDITIONAL REFERENCES :

- 1. Gupta and Mukhopadhyay P.P. ( ) Aplied Statistics, Central Book Agency.
- 2. Pressat R. (1978): Statistical Demography, Methuen and Co. Ltd.

B.Sc.-III (38)

#### PAPER-II

#### (Paper Code-0908)

# STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL AND COMPUTATIONAL TECHNIQUES

UNIT-I Importance of statistical methods in industrial research and practice, specification of items and lot qualities corresponding to visual gauging, count and measurements, types of inspection, determination of tolerance limits. General theory of control charts, causes of variation in quality, control limits, sub-grouping, summary of out-ot control criteria, charts for attributes, np chart, p - chart, c- chart, u- chart, Charts for variables-X- and R charts, design of X and R charts versus p-charts, process capability studies.

(30L)

- UNIT-II Principle of acceptance sampling- problem of lot acceptance, stipulation of good and bad lots, producer's and consumers risks, single and double sampling plans, their OC functions, concepts of AQL, LTPD, AOQL, average amount of inspection and ASN function, rectifying inspection plans, Sampling inspection plans, Indian Standards Tables Part-I (including applications), IS 2500 Part I. (15L)
- UNIT-III Computational techniques: Difference tables and methods of inferpolation, Newton's and Lagrange's methods of interpolation, Divided differences, numerical differentiation and integration, Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's one-third formula, iterative solution of non-linear equations. (15L)
- UNIT-IV Linear Programming: Elementary theory of convex sets, definition of general linear programming problems (LPP), formulation problems of LPP, examples of LPP, Problems occurring in various fields, graphical and Simplex method of solving an LPP, artificial variables, duality of LPP. Transportation Problem (non-degenerate and balanced cases only), Assignment Problem.
  (30L)

UNIT-V Four short notes, one from each unit. Student have to answer any two.

# REFERENCES :

- 1. Brownless K.A. (1960): Statistical theory and Methodology in Science and Engineering. John Wiley and Sons.
- 2. Grant E.L. (1964): Statistical Quality Control, McGraw Hill.
- 3. Duncan A.J. (1974): Quality Control and Industrial Statistics, Traporewala and Sons.
- 4. Gass S.I. (1975): Linear Programming Methods and Applications, McGraw Hill.
- 5 Rajaraman, V. (1981): Computer Oriented Numerical Methods, Prentice Hall.
- 6. Sastry S.S. (1987): Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Prentice Hall.
- 7. Taha H.A. (1989) : Operations Research : An Introduction, Macmillan Publishing Company.

## ADDITIONAL REFERENCES :

- 1. Bowker H.A. and Liberman G.T. (1962): Engineering Statistics, Prentice Hall.
- 2. Cowden D.J. (1960): Statistical Methods in Quality Control, Asia Publishing Society.
- 3. Garvin W.W. (1960): Introduction to Linear Programming, McGraw Hill.
- 4. Mahajan M. (2001): Statistical Quality Control, Dhanpat Rai & Co. (P) Ltd.
- 5. Rao S.S. (1984): Optimization Theory and Applications, Wiley Eastern.

B.Sc.-III (39)

6. Krishnamurthy E.V. and Sen S.K. (1976): Computer Based Numerical Algorithms, Affiliated East-West Press.

## PRACTICAL

- Computing measures of mortality & fertility, Construction of life tables and examples involving use of life tables, Graduation of mortality rates by Compertz curve, fitting of a logistic curve.
- 2. Construction of Index Numbers by Laspeyre's, Paasche's, Fisher's method.
- 3. Determination of trend in a time series, construction of seasonal indices.
- 4. Fitting of Pareto curve to income data, Lorenz curve of concentration, Estimation of price elasticity of demand form time series data.
- 5. Drawing of X-R, np, p and c-charts. Drawing of OC curve for single and double sampling plans for attributes, AQQ and ATI curves.
- 6. Construction of difference tables, use of Newton's Lagrange's methods of interpolation and divided difference formulae, numerical evaluation of integrals using Trapezoidal and Simpson's one-third formulae, solution of non-linear equation by Newton-Raphson iterative method.
- 7. Formulation of LPP's and their duals. Solving LPPs by graphical and simplex methods, transportation and assignment problems.

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# DEFENCE STUDIES

## PAPER-I

# PROBLEMS OF WAR AND PEACE (Paper Code-0921)

**Aim :** The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students about the multidimensional problems of war and peace and humanitarian laws.

Note: Question will be set from each unit, there will be only internal choice.

## Unit-I U.N.O. AND WORLD PEACE

- 1. Organs and its role.
- 2. Main specialized agencies of U.N.O.
- 3. Role of U.N.O. in world peace.
- 4. Peace keeping forces of the U.N.O.
- Veto power and Security Council.

## Unit-II WAR AND PEACE

- 1. Sattlement of International Disputes.
- 2. Diplomatic agents and Consuls.
- 3. War Crimes.
- 4. Neutrality.
- 5. Intervention.

## Unit-III HUMANITARIAN LAW

- 1. Basic concepts and development of Humanitarian law.
- 2. UN General Assembly declaration of human rights on Dec. 10, 1948.
- 3. Protection of Victims and defenceless in armed conflict, POWs, wounded and civilians in Armed Forces.
- 4. Central Human Right Commission : Organisation and Function.
- 5. State Human Right Commission: Organisation and Function.

# **Unit-IV REFUGEE LAW**

- 1. Meaning, Concept and causes of Refugee.
- 2. Refugee and IDPs.
- 3. Refugee law in India.
- 4. Refugee Problem in South Asia.
- 5. Role of International Committee of Red Cross and UNO in Refugee Problems.

## Unit-V LAWS OF WAR

- Law of Land war.
- 2. Law of Sea war.
- 3. Law of Air war.
- 4. Space law.
- The International Court of Justice.

B.Sc.-III (41)

#### SELECTED READINGS :

Maunce clark, J : Readings in the Economics of War.
 International Security : Modern political Science series.

3. Rajani Kothari : Word order.

4. Openhem, I : Use of Forces by states and International law.

## PAPER - II

## MODERN WARFARE

## (Paper Code-922)

Aim: To enable students to appreciate the impact of Political, economic and technological developments on the patterns of conflicts between nations.

**Note:** Question will be set from each unit, there will be only internal choice.

UNIT-I 1 Development of Nuclear weapons.

2. Effects of Nuclear Explosion.

- 3. Spread of Nuclear Weapons.
- 4. Missile and their characteristics.
- 5. Type of Missiles.

UNIT-II 1. Trends in Science and Technology and their impact on war.

- 2. Role of Research and Development.
- 3. Development of Weapons and their impat on tactics
- 4. Command, Control, Communication and Intelligence (C<sup>3</sup>I) in Modern Warfare.
- 5. Elements of National Power.

# UNIT-III 1. Military Satellites.

- 2. Explosive Bombs.
- 3. War Gases.
- 4. Micro Organs : as a weapons.
- 5. Smart Weapons.

UNIT-IV 1. Rocket Technology and India.

- 2. Missile Technology and India.
- 3. Nuclear Technology and India.
- 4. Atomic Minerals and India.
- 5 Space Technology and India.

UNIT-V 1. New word order - Political, Social and Economical.

- 2. Alliance and Regional co-operation.
- 3. Mobilisation of resources for war.
- 4. War time economics.
- 5. New trends.

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#### SELECTED READINGS :

Halailan Morton
 Coutemporary Military strategy
 Brodue, Y.
 Strategy in the Missile Age.
 Markabi, Y.
 Nuclear war and Nuclear peace

4. Osanka. F.M.
5. Gerald. J.
6. Know Kalus
i Modern Guerilla warfare
i Defence Psychology
i Science and Defence

7. Pandey Girishkant : Yudh mein vigyan aven Tachniki.

## PRACTICALS

50 marks

There shall be practical examination of 3.5 hours duration carrying.

The division of marks shall be as follows:

(1) Plain Table Survey
(2) Experimental Military Psychology
(3) Group Descussion & Lectring : 05 Marks.
(4) Viva-Voce : 05 Marks
(5) Sessional work & Record : 10 Marks.

# Section - A

Plain table Survey by inter section methods. (Atleast ten exercises in a session).

## Section - B

Military - Psychology Experiment :

- (1) Muller-Layer-Illusion test.
- (2) Koh's Block Design Test.
- (3) Allexander Pass Along Test.

# Section - C

Group Discussion and Lectures based on current topic on any international & national Problems.

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# INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY

# PAPER - I

# (Paper Code-0925)

UNIT-I 1. Factors involved in project cost estimation, methods employed for the estimation

CHEMICAL PROCESS ECONOMICS M.M. 34

			of capital investment.	06L
		2.	Capital formation, elements of cost accounting.	05L
UNIT-I	I	1.	Interest & investment cost, time value of money equivalence.	03L
		2.	Depreciation, method of determining depreciation, taxes.	04L
		3.	Some aspects of marketing, pricing policy.	04L
UNIT-II	П	1.	Profitability criteria, economics of selecting alternatives.	031
		2.	Variation of costs with capacity, Break-even point, optimum batch size	zes,
			Production, schedulling etc.	05L
		3.	Sampling of Bulk materials, techniques of sampling of solids, liquids	and
			gasses.	03L
		4.	Collection & Processing data.	02L
		5.	Particle size determination.	02L
		6.	Rheological properties of liquids, plastics and their analysis.	03L
			INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATION	
UNIT-	ΙV	1.	Concept of scientific management in industry.	04L
		2.	Functions of management, decision making, planning, organising. directing	ıg &
			control.	09L
		3.	Location of industry.	03L
UNIT-	V	1.	Materials management.	05L
		2.	Inventory control.	04L
		3.	Management of human resources-selection, incentives, welfare & safety.	05L
BOOKS				
			cs of Chemical industry, Hempel, E.H.	
			Design & Economics for Chemical Engineers, Peter Time Rhaus, McGraw Hi Booklets-9 & 10.	.11.
			ial Organization & Management, Bethel, L.L.	
			ial Organization & Management, Tarachand, Vol. I & II.	
			n Management, O.P. Khandelwal.	
			y theory & application, Vol. 5, Elrich, R.F.	
			PAPER - II	
			(Paper Code-0926)	
			PHARMACEUTICALS M.M.	33
UNIT-I		1.	Historical Background & development of pharmaceutical industry in Indiabrief.	in 02L
		2.	Pharmacopoeias - Development of Indian pharmacopoeia & introduction ot B. U.S.P., E.P., N.F. & other Important Pharmacopoeias.	.P., 02L
B.ScII	I			(44)

		3.	Introduction to various types of formulations & roots of administration.	02I
		4.	Aseptic conditions, need for sterilisation, various methods of sterilisation.	
UN	IT-II	1.	Various types of pharmaceutical excipients their chemistry, process	
			manufacture & quality, specifications Glidants, lubricants, diluants, prese	
			tives, antioxidants, emulsifying agents, coating agents, binders, coloring age	
			flavouring agents geletin & other additives, sorbotol, mannitol, viscosity buil	ders
			etc.	12I
		2.	Surgical dressing, sutures, ligatures with respect to the process, equipm	ents
			used for manufacture, method of sterlilization and quality control.	05L
UN	IT-III	1.	Pharmaceutical packaging introduction, package selection, packaging materia	als,
			ancillary materials, packaging machinery, quality control of packaging	ging
			materials.	05I
		2.	F.D.A., Important schedules & some legal aspects of drugs.	03I
		3.	Pharmceutical quality control (other than the analytical methods covered u	nder
			core-subject) - sterility testing, pyrogenic testing, glass testing, bulk densit	y of
			powders, etc.	06I
UN	IT-IV	1.	Evaluation of crude drugs-Moisture content, extractive value, volatile oil cont	ent,
			foreign organic matter, quantitative microscopic exercises, including starch,	leaf
			content, (palisade ratio, stomatal number & index vein, islet number &	veir
			termination number), crude fiber content, introduction to chromatographic me	thod
			of dentification of crude drugs.	06I
		2.	Chromatography, Paper chromatography, TLC, HPLC, GLC.	04I
		3.	Ion chromatography.	01I
		INS	TRUMENTATION	
UN	IT-V	1.	UV-Visible spectroscopy.	03I
		2.	IR-Spectroscopy non-dispersive IR.	03I
		3.	NMR Spectroscopy.	03I
		4.	Atomic Absorption & Flame photometry.	03I
		5.	Neutran diffraction.	01I
		6.	X-Ray Fluorescence.	01I
		7.	Ion Selective Electrodes.	01I
BC	OKS	:		
1.	Ins	tumen	ital methods of analysis, Willard, Merit, Dean.	
2.	Int	roduc	tion to instrumental methods of analysis, Braun, R.D., McGraw Hill.	
3.	3. Analytical chemistry, J.B. Dick, McGraw Hill.			
4.				
5.	Ins	trume	ental methods of Analysis, Skoog & West.	
6.	Ins	trume	ental Methods of Analysis, B.K. Sharma.	
			PAPER -III	
			(Paper Code-0927)	

UNIT-I 1. Phyto-chemicals-Introduction to plant classification & crude drugs, cultivation, collection, preparations for the market & storage of medicinal plants.

DRUGS

M.M. 33

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- 2. Classification of various types of drugs with examples.
- 3. Raw meterials, process of manufacture, effluent handling, etc. of the following bulk drugs:-
  - Sulpha drugs-sulphaguandine, sulphamethoxazole.
- UNIT-II 1. Chemical constitution of plants including carbohydrates, amino acids, proteins, fats, waxes, volatile oils, terpenoids, steroids, saponins flavonoids, tanins, qlycosides, alkaloids.
  - 2. Various isolation procedures for active ingredients with examples for alkaloids, reserpine one for steroids sapogenin, diosgenin, diosgenin.
- UNIT-III 1. Antimicrobial :- Chloramphenicol, Furazolidne, Mercurochrome, Isoniazid, Na-PAS.
  - Analgesic-AntiInflammatory :- Salicylic acid and its derivatives, Ibuprofen, Mefenamic acid.
  - 3. Steroidal Harmones :- Progesterone, Testosterone, Methyl testosterne.
- UNIT-IV 1. Vitamins :- Vit.-A, Vit.-B6, Vit.-C.
  - 2. Barbiturates :- Pentobarbital.
  - 3. Blockers :- Propranolol, Atenolol.
  - 4. Cardiovascular Agent :- Methyl dopa.
  - 5. Antihistamins :- Chloropheneramine Maleate.
- UNIT-V 1. Products based of fermentation processes: Brief idea of micro-organisma, their structure, growth & usefulness. Enzyme systems useful for transformation, microbial products.
  - 2 General principles of fermentation processes & product processing.
  - 3. Manufacture of antibiotics Pencillin-G & semi synthetic pencillines, Rifamycin, Vitamin-B12.
  - 4. Bio-transformation process for prednisolone, 11-hydroxylation in steroids.
  - 5. Enzyme catalysed transformation, manufacture of ephidrine.

# BOOKS :-

- 1. Practical Pharmacognosy, T.B. Wllis.
- 2. Practical Pharmacognosy, T.N. Vasudevan.
- 3. Modern Pharmacognosy, Remstad, McGraw Hill.
- 4. Indian Pharmacopoea, 1985.
- 5. British Pharmacopoea, 1990.
- 6. Hand Book of Drugs & Cosmetic Act, Mehrotra.
- 7. Pharmaceutical excipients.
- 8. Pharmaceutical Dosage forms.
- 9. Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, W.O. Foye, Lea & Febigen, Publication Phidelphia.
- 10. Text Book of Organic Medicinal & Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Willson, Gisvold, Derge; Lippinett-Toppan.
- 11. Essentials of Medicinal Chemistry, Korolkovas & Burkhatter, Wiely Interscience.

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#### PRACTICAL

Marks: 50

The Practical examination will be of 08 Hrs. Duration spread over two days carrying 50 Marks.

Two experiments have to be performed.

- Synthesis of common industrial compounds involving two step reactions. 4-Bromoaniline,
   3-Nitroaniline, Sulphanilamide, 4-Aminoben zoic acid, 4-Nitroben zoic acid, dihalobenzenes,
   Nitrohal obenzenes.
- 2 Industial analysis of common raw meterials as per industrial specification :- Phenol, Aniline, Formaldehyde, Hydrogen per Oxide, Acetone, Epoxide, Olefins, Oils etc.
- 3. Demonstration of various pharmaceutical packaging materials, quality control tests of some materials,-Al Strips, Cartons, Glass bottles.
- 4. Limit tests for chlorine, heavy metals, arsenic, etc. of two representative bulk drugs.
- 5. Demonstration of various pharmaceutical products.
- 6. Active Ingradient analysis of few types of formulations representing different methodsof analysis-acidimetry, alkalimetry, non-aqueous.
- 7. Determination of sulphate ash, loss of drying & other tests of bulk drugs, complete I.P. monograph of three drugs representing variety of testing methods.
- 8. Evaluation of crude drugs-macroscopic examination-determination & identification of starch grannules, calcium oxalate.
- 9. Palisate ratio, stomatal index-determination & Identification of few drugs. Tlc method for identification.
- 10. Microbiological testing-determination of mic of some aNtibacterial drugs by zone/cup plate method.

# DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS :

1.	Experiment No.	1.	20
2.	Experiment No.	2.	10
3.	Viva		05
4.	Sessional 05		
5.	Project Work		10

Total

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50

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#### COMPUTTER SCIENCE

#### PAPER - I

## (Paper Code-0909)

## COMPUTER HARDWARE PART-C

AIM: The emphasis is on the design concepts & organisational details of the common PC, leaving the complicated Electronics of the system to the computer engineers.

## Objective of the Course :

- 1. To introduce the overall organisation of the microcomputers and operating systems.
- 2 To introduce the interaction of common devices used with computers with operating softwares, excluding the Assembly languages, with special reference to DOS/WINDOWS.
- To introduce the working of hardware components, Micro-Processor and various chips used in micro-computers by operating system, without the use of electronic circuitry.
- 4. To introduce the use of operating systems architecture with IBM-PC & clones, excluding Assembly language, with forms an important part of hardwares.
- **N.B.**: Since the computer organisation study is very vast & complicated, so the study is restricted only to the description and understanding part, hence the paper-setter is requested to keep this important factor in mind.

## UNIT-1: ORGANISATION OF Micro-Processor & MIRCO-COMPUTER:-

## 1. Introduction & organisation of Micro-Computer:

- (a) Basic Components of Micro-computer: Basic Block; Prom ram memory; Data memory; I/O Ports; Clock generator; Integration of functional blocks.
- (b) Interconnecting Components in a Micro-computer: Necessary functional block; Bussed architecture for microcomputer; memory addressing; Addressing I/O ports; comparision of I/O mapped and memory mapped I/O.
- (c) Input Output Techniques: Non-CPU devices, Program & interrupt controlled I/O; Hardware controlled I/O or DMA.

## 2. An Introduction to the various as :

- (a) General understanding of different  $\mu\,P$  or CPU : Intel 8088, 286, 386, 486, 586 Pentium, P54C, MMX P55C; Motorola 6800 & 88100 series; CYRIX & AMD CPUs.
- (b) The Registers of CPU: (Give Example of P-8088) Register organisation of 8088, Scrach pad segment, pointer, Index and Flag, Registers.
- (c) Memory addressing modes of P-8088 : Segment offset; Data addressing modes; Addressing for branch instructions.
- (d) I/O Addressing with P-8088 : Memory mapped I/O & I/O mapped I/O.

# UNIT-2 : SYSTEM HARDWARE ORGANISATION OF COMPUTERS :

## 1. Hardware Organisation of the Personal Computer :

- (a) Block diagram with various parts of PC.
- (b) The Mother Board of General P.C.: 8088 CPU; ROM & RAM; Keyboard

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& its interface; System timer/counters; Hardware interrupt vectoring; DMA controller & channels; Interfacing to audio speaker; Bus slots & facture cards.

- (c) The Serial I/O ports, COM-1 & COM-2.
- (d) The parallel Port for Printer.
- e) Expansion Slots for RAM.
- Disk Controllers: For floppy, Hard disk, CD-ROM & Cassets drives.

## 2. The Video Display of PCs :

- (a) Video Monitors; Monochrome and colour.
- (b) Video Display Adapters & Their Video Modes; Monochrome & colour graphics adapters.
- (c) Video Control Through ANSI-SYS.
- (d) Video Control Through ROM-BOIS: INT 10H.
- (e) Direct Video Control; Monochrom & colour graphics adapters.
- f Installing Customized Character Sets.

## UNIT-3 : ORGANISATION OF OPERTING SYSTEM WITH SYSTEM HARDWARE :

## 1. The ROM-BIOS Services :

- (a) Introduction to UNIX, ENIX, SUN, solaris, DOS & MAC with special reference to DOS & Windows, its ver., as DOS becomes more popular than others in PCs.
- (b) The ROM-BIOS Diskette Services, INT 13H.
- (c) The ROM-BIOS Serial Port Services, INT 14H.
- (d) The ROM-BIOS Keyboard Services, INT 16H.
- (e) The ROM-BIOS Printer Services, INT 17H.
- Miscellaneous Service Provided by the ROM-BIOS : INT 05H, INT 11H, INT 12H, INT 18H, INT 19H, INT 1AH.

# 2 The fundamental of Operating System viz. DOS/WINDOWS :

- (a) The loading of DOS & Its Basic Structure; ROM bootstrap, IO.SYS, DOS.SYS & Command..COM.
- (b) The Execution of the programs under DOS; EXEC functions, program segment prefix; Features of COM & EXE program files.
- (c) Device Handling by Dos; FDD, HDD, CON, Keyboard, PRN, AUX, CLOCK and NUL devices; Block devices; Character devices; Driver installation sequence.
- (d) File Structures of DOS;
- (e) The DOS Interrupts : INT 20H-2FH
- The DOS functions through INT 21H; Discuss only the understanding part of various other DOS function to handle hard & softwares.
- (g) Installation of windows: Important system files in windows.

## UNIT-4: ORGANIZATION & HANDLING BY OPERATING SYSTEMS:

## 1. Disk and Files under DOS :

(a) Logical Structure of a Disk: Organisation of disk for use; Boot record; FAT

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- files; disk or root directory.
- (b) File Organisation on a DOS disk: Logical volumes; Sub directories; Volume lables.
- (c) Manipulating Files under DOS: File attributes; date and time, file Access; FCB functions.

## 2 Memory Allocation, Program Loading and Execution:

- (a) Memory Management under DOS: EXEC loader; Memory Management & its functions; Modifying a Program's memory allocation.
- (b) Loading and Executing Programs under DOS: The EXEC function; Memory considerations; parameter blocks; calling & returning from EXEC.
- (c) Loading the program overlays through EXEC.

# UNIT-5: ORGANISATION OF HARDWARE BY OPERATING SYSTEM:

# 1. Interrupt Handling through DOS :

- (a) Types of interrupts.
- (b) Interrupt Vector Table in PC.
- (c) Interrupt Service Routines.
- (d) Special Interrupts in PC : Clock Interrupt; The -C or Break Interrupt ; DOS reserved interrupt INT 28H; Patching memory resident routines.

## 2. Filters for DOS:

- (a) Filters in operating systems.
- (b) Redirection of I/O under DOS.
- (c) The Filters Supplied with DOS.
- (d) Writing Filters to run under DOS.

## 3. Handling of Various Versions of Windows O.S. :

- (a) Setup Installation
- (b) Trouble shooting
- (c) Networking features

## Text Book :

1 Hardware and Software of Personal Computers.

By Sanjay K. Bose. (Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi).

## Supporting Text Books :

1. Digital System from Gates to Mircoprocessor.

By Sanjay K. Bose. (Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi).

Computer Fundamentals : Architecture & Organisation.

By B. Ram.. (Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi).

## Reference Books:

- 1. IBM PC-XT and Clones: By Govinda Rajalu.
- 2. Microprocessor and interfacing: By Douglas Hall.
- 3. Insight the IBM-PC: Peter Norton.
- 4. Micriprocessor System: 8086/8088 family architecture, programming & design: By Liu and Gibson.

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#### PAPER - II

## (Paper Code-0910)

Atm : To introduce DBMS and RDBMS using Back-end tool and Front-end tool.

## Object of the Course :

- 1 To introduce Data BAse Management System concepts.
- 2 To introduce the Relational Database Management System and Relational Database Design.
- 3. To introduce the RDBMS software and utility of query language.
- 4. To introduce basic concept of GUI Programming and database connectivity using Visual Basic.

## UNIT-1: CONCEPT OF D.B.M.S. AND DATA MODELS

- (a) Introduction to DBMS: Purpose of Data base systems, views of data, Data Modeling Database Languages, Transaction management, Storage Management, Database Administrator and User, Database System Structure.
- (b) E-R Model : Basic concepts, Constraints, Keys, Mapping Constaint, E-R Diagram, Weak and Strong Entity sets, E-R Database Schema, Reduction of an E-R Schema to Table.

#### UNIT-2. : RELATIONAL DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

- (a) Relational Model: Structure of Relational Database, Relational Algebra, Domain Relational Calculus, Extended Relational- Algebra Operation, Modification of database, Views.
- (b) Relational Database Design : Pitfalls in Relational Database Desing, Decomposition Functional Dependencies, Normalization : 1NF, 2NF, BCNF, 3NF, 4NF, 5NF.

## UNIT-3: INTRODUCTION TO RDBMS SOFTWARE - ORACLE

- (a) Introduction: Introduction to personal and Enterprises Oracle, Data Types, Commercial Query Language, SQL, SQL\*PLUS.
- (b) DDL and DML: Creating Table, Specifying Integrity Constraint, Modifying Existing Table, Dropping Table, Inserting Deleting and Updating Rows in as Table, Where Clause, Operators, ORDER BY, GROUP Function, SQL Function, JOIN, Set Operation, SQL Sub Queries. Views: What is Views, Create, Drop and Retrieving data from views.
- (c) Security: Management of Roles, Changing Passward, Granting Roles & Privilege, with drawing privileges.
- (d) PL/SQL: Block Structure in PL/SQL, Variable and constants, Running PL/SQL in the SQL\*PLUS, Data base Access with PL/SQL, Exception Handling, Record Data type in PL/SQL, Triggers in PL/SQL.

#### UNIT-4 : G.U.I. PROGRAMMING

- (a) Introduction to Visual Basic : Event Driven Programming, IDE, Introduction to Object, Controlling Objects, Models and Events, Working with Forms, MDI Form Working with standard Controls.
- (b) Overview of Variables, Declaring, Scope, Arrays, User defined data types, Constants, Working with procedures: Function, Subroutine, and Property.

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Working with Data, Time, Format, String, and Math's Function. Controlling Program Execution: Comparison and Logical Operators, If...Then statements, Select Case Statement, Looping Structures, Exiting a loop. Error Trapping and Debugging.

(c) File Organization: Saving data to file, Sequential and Random access file, the desing and coding.

## UNIT-5 : V DATA BASE PROGRAMMING IN VB

- (a) Introduction: Concept of DAO, RDO, ADO, input validation: field & form level validation, ADO object model: the ADO object Hierarchy, the connection object, the command object, record set object, parameter object, field object, record object, stream object, Error object, parameter object.
- (b) Using Bound control to Present ADO data: Using the ADO data control, ADO data control properties, binding simple controls: Data list, data combo, Data Grid, Data Form Wizard: single form wizard, Grid form, master/Detail form. Programming the ADO data control: Refresh method, Event, Hierarchical flex Grid control.
- (c) Data Environment & Data Report: Creating connection, Using command object in the data Environment, Data Environment option and operation, Binding Form to the data Environment, ADO Events in the Data report, Print Preview, Print, Export, Data report in code: Data reports Events, Binding data reports Directly.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS :

Data Base System Concept : By Hery F. Korth, Tata McGraw Hill
 Fundamental of Data Base : Nawathe & Elmasri (Pearson educations)
 System Concept

3. Oracle Complete Reference : By Oracle Press

4. Introduction to COPS & VB : By V.K. Jain, Vikas Publishing House

5. Database Programming VB 6 : By B.P.B. Publication

## PRACTICALS :

## 1. Practicals on Oracle :

At least 20 practicals covering the SQL, PL/SQL, Triggers, Views.

## 2 Practicals on Visual Basic :

At least 20 pracricals on VB that covering basic and data controls components.

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#### INFORMATION TECHNOLOGIES

#### PAPER - I

(Paper Code-0928)

## AMPLIFIERS AND OSCILLATORS

- UNIT-I POWER AMPLIFIER: Classification of power amplifiers, requirement of power amplifiers, single ended class A power amplifier, and its efficiency, transformer coupled power amplifier, power dissipation curve, harmonic distortion in pushpull power amplifier, power and efficiency calculation for pushpull for pushpull power amplifier, Distortion in pushpull power amplifier, Advantages of pushpull power amplifier.
- UNIT-II FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS AND OSCILLATORS: Feedback in amplifiers, types of feedback positive, and negative feedback. Derivation of input and output impedance in voltage and current series feedback. Advantages of negative feedback. Positive feedback. Berkhauson criteria for sustained oscillator. RF oscillators-Hartley oscillatot, Colpetts oscillators (Qualitative study) relaxation osillators, Multivibrators-Astable. Monostable.
- UNIT-III OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER AND POWER CONTROL DEVICES: Differential amplifier, operational amplifier, Characteristics of an ideal OPAMP, definition of input bias current input offset current, current driff, impout offset, common mode rejection ratio, slew rate, universal biasing technique, Application of OP-Amp, as inverting, non-inverting amplifiers, differentiation, Integration, scal charger and voltage follower, Silicon controlled rectifier (SCR), Diac, Traic and UTT (Only qualitative study).
- UNIT-IV THE INTEL 8080/8085 MICROPROCESSOR: Introcution, the 8085 pin diagram and functions, The 8085 architecture, addressing modes, the 8080/8085 instruction set, the 8080/8085 data transfer instructions, the 8080/8085 arithmetic instructions, the 8080/8085 logical instructions the 8080/8085 stack, I/O and machine controlled instructions.
- UNIT-V PROGRAMMING THE MICROPROCESSOR: Machine and assembling languages simplified instruction set, Instruction set, arithmetic poeration, Instructions set logical operations, instruction set data transfer operations, instruction set branch operations, instruction set miscellaneous operations, writing a program, addressing modes, program branching, program looping using subroutines.

Programming the 8080/8085 microprocessor : Introduction straight-line programs looping programs, mathematical programs.

# PAPER - II

(Paper Code-0929)

## FUNDAMENTAL DATA STRUCTURE

UNIT-I Introduction to Data SIructure: The concept of data structure, Abstract data structure, Analysis of Algorithm, The concept of list.

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**Stacks and Queues:** Introduction to stack & primitive operation on stack, Stack as an abstract data type, Multiple Stack, Stacks application: infix, post fix, and Recursion, Introduction to queues, Primitive Operations on the Queues, Queue as an abstract data type, Circular Queue, Dequeue, Priority Queue.

- UNIT-II Linked List: Introduction to the linked list of stacks, The linked list of queues, Header nodes, Doubly linked list, Circular linked list, Stacks & Queues as a Circular linked list, Application of linked list.
- UNIT-III Trees: Basic Terminology, Binary Trees, Tree Representations as Array & Linked list, Binary tree representation, Traversal of binary trees: In order, Preorder & post order.
  Application of Binary tree, Threaded binary tree, B-Tree & Height balanced tree, representation of B+ & B\* trees, Binary tree representation of trees, Counting binary trees, 2-3 Trees algorithm or manipulating 2-3 Trees.
- UNIT-IV Searching & Sorting: Sequential Searching, Binary search, Insertion sort, Selection sort, Quick sort, Bubble sort, Heap sort, Comparison of sorting methods.
- UNIT-V Tables & Graphs: Hash Table, Collision resolution Techniques, Introduction to graphs, Definition, Terminology, Directed, Undirected & Weighted graph, Representation of graphs. Graph Traversal Depth first & Breadth first search, Spanning Trees, minimum spanning Tree, The basic, Greedy Strategy for computing Algorithm of Kruskal and prims.

#### TEXT & REFERENCE BOOK :

Fundamentals of Data structure : By S. Sawhney & Horowith

Data Structure : By Trembley & Sorrenson.

Data Structure Using Pascal : By Tannenbaum & Alugenstein

Data Structure : By lipschuists (Schaume's Outline Series Mcgraw Hill Publication)
Fundamentals of Computer Algorithm : By Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sawhney.

## PRACTICAL WORK

- 1. The sufficient practical work should be done for understanding the date structure with C++.
- 2 The sufficient practical work must be performed on stacks queues linked list, trees etc.
- All practical works should prepared in form of print outs and voluated while practical examination.

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## INDUSTRIAL MICROBIOLOGY

Paper	Title	Time	Marks
First	Agriculture and Food Microbiology	3 hrs.	50
Second	Fermentation Technology & Government Regulations	3 hrs.	50
	PRACTICAL Examination (including sessionals)	4 hrs.	(20+5) 25
	Viva-Voce Exam. based on "Summer Job-Training Repo	ort"	25

## PAPER-I

## (Paper Code-0930)

# AGRICULTURE AND FOOD MICROBIOLOGY M.M. : 50

- UNIT-I Soil fertility and management of agricultural soils. Influence of available nitrogen on soil-fertility. Importance of crop-rotation. Soil management. Management practices: Pesticides and their impact and effect on soil fertility.
- UNIT-II Microbial diseases of crop plants with special reference to Wheat, Rice, Maize, Groundnut, Mustard, Grapes, Potato and Papaya.
- UNIT-III Control of plant diseases. Chemical control of plant diseases. Biological Control- its mechanism and importance. Biopesticides. Concept of integrated pest management (IPM). Bacterial insecticides.
- **UNIT-IV** Food spoilage mechanism, Spoilage of stored products, fruits and vegetables. Microbial spoilage of milk and meat. Food borne diseases.
- UNIT-V Food preservation methods Asepsis, Pasteurisation canning, dessication, low temperature, Anaerobiosis, filteration.

Chemical preservation of food - salt and sugar, organic acids. Use of  ${\rm SO}_2$ , ethylene and propylene oxides, wood smoke.

## **PRACTICALS**

- 1. Study of microbial diseases of crop plants.
- 2. Study of effect of fungicides and insecticides on microorganisms.
- 3. Study of antagonistic activities amongst microorganisms.
- 4. Study of fungal contaminants from stored agricultural products.
- 5. Study of food spoilage microorganisms from sweets and bakery products.
- 6. Study of effect of the preservatives on the growth of microorganisms.
- 7. Study of UV radiations on microorganisms.
- Study of the effect of agrochemicals on soil inhabiting microorganisms.

## RECOMMENDED BOOKS :

- 1. Modern Plant Pathology by Bilgramy and Dubey.
- 2. Food Microbiology by Frazier.
- 3. Microbiology by S.S. Purchit.
- 4. Microbiology by P.D. Sharma.
- 5. Agricultural Microbiology by Rangaswami.
- 6. Plant Pathology by R.S. Mehrotra.

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#### PAPER-II

## (Paper Code-0931)

## FERMENTATION TECHNOLOGY AND GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS

M.M. : 50

- **UNIT-I** Fermentation equipments and production process. Principal types of fermenters The batch fermenters, continuous stirred tank fermenters, Tubular fermenter, The fluidised bed fermenter, Solid State fermenters. Computer control of fermentation process. Strain improvement process.
- UNIT-II Industrial production of organic acids Lactic and citric acid.
  Enzymes amylase, protease and amino acids L-lysine and glutamic acid.
- INIT-III Production of alcohol, wine, beer and acetic acid.
  Production of antibiotics Penicillin and Streptomycine.
  Industrial production of vitamins Vitamin B12 and Riboflavin.
- UNIT-IV Importance of microorganisms in dairy industries. Production of cheese, Butter milk; and in bakery industries leavening of bread, Indian fermented foods.

  Fungi and bacteria as a source of single cell proteins (SCP) and proteins.
- UNIT-V Role of international organisation in biotechnology. Government programmes for biotechnology development. Government regulations of recombinant DNA research. Hazardous industrial wastes, Mycotoxin hazards in the production of fungal products. Regulations for disposal of biohazardous materials. Patenting of the products in Industries.

## **PRACTICALS**

- 1. Measurement of production of citric acid by Aspergillus niger.
- 2. Measurement and production of alcohol by yeast.
- 3. Demonstration of Transformation of steroids.
- 4. Demonstration of IAA production by microbes.
- 5. Demonstration of enzyme production by microorganisms.

  (a) Amylase (b) Cellulase
- 6. Demonstration of mushroom cultivation.

## RECOMMENDED BOOKS :

- 1. Industrial Microbiology by L.E. Casida.
- 2. Fermentation Technology by Whittakar.
- 3. General Microbiology, Vol. II, by Powar and Daginawala.
- 4. Molecular Biology and Biotechnology by H.D. Kumar.
- 5. Elements of Biotechnology by P.K. Gupta.

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#### ELECTRONICS

		Max.M.	Min.M
Paper-I	Power Electronics, Microprocessors and IT Fundamental's	50	
Paper-II	Communication Systems	50	33
Paper-III	Practicals and Project	50	17

## PAPER - I

## (Paper Code-0911)

# POWER ELECTRONICS, MICROPROCESSORS AND IT FUNDAMENTAL'S

UNIT-I Comparative study of semiconductor power Devices : Power Diodes, Power Transistors, Unijunction Transistor, Silicon controlled Rectifier, Diac and Triac.

Structural Description and working of Unijunction Transistor (WT), Characteristic curve, Use of a WT as a Relaxation oscillator.

Description and working of a DIAC, Characteristic curve.

Description and working of a Triac, Characteristic curve, Triac as a switch.

Silicon controlled Rectifier: Description of the structure and idea of doping profiles of different layers, Two Transistor model analysis of SCR, Voltage current Characteristics, Forward and Reverse Blocking states; Triggering mechanisms and methods of turn on, turn off mechanism.

UNIT-II 8085 up Instruction Sets and Programing of 8085 microprocessor : Logic 8 bit Instructions of 8085 Data Transfer (copy) Instructions, MOV,

Arithmatic Instructions (ADD, ADI, SUB, SUI, INR, DCR), Logic operations: ANA, ANI, ORA, ORI, XRA, XRI, Branch Operations: Unconditional and Conditional Jump Instruction, Rotate Operations: RLC, RAL, RRC, RAR, 16 Bit Arithmatic and Logical operations.

Use of Instruction set to make following programs.

- Data Block Transfer.
- (1) To Arrange a Series in Assending and Decending Order.
- (ii) Largest Number Finding.
- (iv) To Carry out simple arithmatic operations : Addition, Division Multiplication, Subtraction.

UNIT-III Programmable Interface Devices: Internal Architecture and pin out diagram of the 8155/8156 and 8355/8755 Multipurpose Programmable Devices, The 8279 Programable kayboard/display interface.

Interfacing Data Converters : Digital to Analog (D/A) converter, Analog to Digital (A/D) converter.

## UNIT-IV Information Technology:

Information theory - Introduction information in communication system, measurement of information, the binary digit (bit).

Data sets and their connection requirements, Modem : Classification, modes of modem operation, modem interconnection, modem data transmission speed.

Internet basics: Basic information about Http, WWW, HIML, shell and TCP/IP account, Browsers - Netscape and Internet explorer, e-mail.

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#### UNIT-V Communication Technology:

LAN, WAN and MAN, wireless network, Internetwork, network topology, OSI and TCP/IP reference models, comparision between them and their criticism. Details about Physical layer: magnetic media, twisted pair (UTP and STP), coaxial cable, fiberoptic cable Basic idea about ISDN.

## REFERENCES :

- Power Electronics: M.H. Rashid Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 2 Microprocessor Architecture : R.S. Gaonkar Penram Publication, Mumbai.

Program and Applications

3. Computer Network : A.S. Tanebaum, Second Edition Prentice Hall of

India Pvt. Ltd.

- 4. Introduction to Microprocessors : A.P. Godse, VTU Publishers, Pune.
- 5 Power Electronics : Alok Jain Penram Publishers, Mumbai.
- 6. Microprocessors & Interfacing : Douglas V. Hall Tata Mcgraw Hill.

#### PAPER - II

#### (Paper Code-0912)

## COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

- UNIT-I Analysis of passive filters (low pass, band pass and high pass), elementary idea of active filters-Butterworth and Coevyshev response) Noise: Thermal noise, shot noise, Partition noise, low fequency and transit time noise, Generation and recombination noise, equivalent noise resistance, signal to noise ratio, noise factor, noise temperature.
- UNIT-II Modulation: Principle of modulation, wave spectra and effect of filtering an complex wave: Amplitude modulation; frequency spectrum of AM, average power average voltage, modulation index for multiple sine waves, linear and square modulators, collector modulator, balance modulator, single side band (SSB) generation/method, diode detector, advantages and disadvantages of SSB over DSB AM: SSB detection, Transmitters and Receivers: Superheterodyne receiver, AM Transmitters.
- UNIT-III Angle Modulation: Elements of frequency and phase modulation frequency spectrum of FM waves, inter system comparisions (FM and AM); Generation of FM, direct and indirect methods; Angle Modulator circuits, varactor diode and FET modulators; Foster Seelay discriminator and ratio detector.
- UNIT-IV Pulse Modulation: Pulse Modulation, pulse transmission, pulse amplitude modulation, time division multiplexing, pulse time modulation, pulse width and pulse position modulation, digital filtering, pulse code modulation; Block diagrams of PCM transmission and receiving circuits.
- UNIT-V Television engineering: Scanning process, characteristics of human eye, aspect ratio, persistence of vision and flicker, resolution and video bandwidth, interlaced scanning, blanking, synchronizing and equalizing pulses, Vestigial side band signal, standard channel characteristics, TV camera tubes Image orthicon and vidicon; Block diagram of TV transmitter and receiver.
  - Three colour system, luminance and chrominance signal, colour TV camera, Shadow mask, Trinitron and in line colour picure tubes.

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#### REFERENCES :

1. Electronic Communication Systems : George Kennedy, Tata Mcgraw Hill.

2 Principles of Communication Systems : Taub & Schilling TMH  $\,$ 

3. Communication Systmems : Simon Haykin, Mcgraw Hill.

4. Monochrome & Color Television : R.L. Gulati, New Age International, New Delhi.

## PAPER - III

## PRACTICALS AND PROJECT

A student is required to do atleast 12 experiments and a project work in the academic year.

The scheme of practical examination will be as follows:

One experiment and Working and Demonstration of Project works - 5:

Marks

Experiment - 20 Viva - 05

Project work & Viva - 15 (10+5)

Sessional - 10
Total - 50

- 1. Study of SCR characterstics.
- 2. Study of Diac and Triac characteristics.
- 3. Study of UJT Characterstics.
- 4. Study of WT as a relaxation oscillator.
- 5. Study of AM generation and detection.
- 6. Radio Receiver measurments.
- 7. Study of low pass, band pass and high pass filters.
- 8. Study of FM using voltage controlled oscillators.
- 9. Study of DC choppers.
- 10. Study of Pulse code modulation.
- 11. Study of electronic ragulation of D.C. & A.C. Motors.
- 12. Any four experiments on microprocessors.

NOTE: Other experiments of equal standard may also be set.

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## ANTHROPOLOGY

## PAPER-I

(Paper Code-0919)

## "FUNDAMENTALS OF HUMAN GENETICS & HUMAN GROWTH"

 $\,$  AIM- The aim of this paper is to introduce the students the basics of Human Genetics and Human Growth.

- UNIT-I Human Genetics: History, aims and scope. and its application to human society Cell division: Mitosis and Meiosis. Mendelism, Chromosomes; Normal and Abnormal chromosomes. Genes, concept of DNA & RNA. Types of Inheritance: autosomal, (Dominant and Recessive). Sex linked Inheritance.
- UNIT-II Concept of Race. Formation of Racial groups. Criteria for racial classification. Racial elements in India. Major stocks of the world and their broad sub divisions.
- UNIT-III Types of twins and their importance in genetic investigation. Inheritance of ABO Blood groups, P.T.C., Colour blindness and dermatoglyphics. Genetic councelling, Eugenics. Population Genetics.
- UNIT-IV Definition and scope of Human growth. Methods of studying human growth and Development. Ageing, Nutritional requirement for normal growth. Common nutritional disorder (Protein, Fat, Carbohydrates, Mineral, Vitamin).
- UNIT-V Ecology: definition and scope. Varieties of human ecosytems. Environmental Population. Definition, nature and scope of biological demography. Demographic Profiles: Fertility, Mortality, Morbidity.

## RECOMMENDED READINGS :

Agrawal S.N.
 India Population Problems
 Bogue
 Principles of Demography

3. Bresler : Human Ecology

4. Gran and Shamir : Methods of Research in Human Growth

5. Harri.II. : Biochemical Genetics Man

6. Harrison. A.E. (editor) : Human Biology

7. Phyllis and Home, P.S. : Basic nutrition in health & disease

8. Race, R.R. & Sanger R. : Blood Group in Man

9. Stem C. : Principles of Human Genetics

10. Tanner, J.M. : Human Growth

11. Theodarson : Studies in Human Ecology

12. Walson and Lowry : Growth and Development of Children

13. Winchester A.W. : Principal of Genetics

14. रघुवंशी अरूण एवं चन्द्रलेखा : पर्यावरण प्रदूषण

15. Sinnot, Dunn & Dozansky : Principles of Genetics

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#### PAPER-II

#### (Paper Code-0920)

## THEORIES IN SOCIAL CULTURAL ANTHROPOLOGY

- AIM: The main aim of this course is to introduce the student about the basic pricinciples and Theories of Social cultural Anthropology to-provide preliminary understatnding of various theoretical models evolved by Social and Cultural Anthropology.
- UNIT-I The contributions made by the following Anthropologists to Social-Cultural Anthropology.

  (I) E.Durkheim, (II) F. Boas, (III) R. Redcfield, (IV) A. L. Kroeber, (V) S.C. Dube, (VI)
  M.N. Shrinivas, (VII) L.P. Vidyarthi.
- UNIT-II Evolution: Biological and cultural Evolutionism; classical Evolutionism; E.B. Tylor, L.H. Morgan.
  - Neo Evolutionism; jleslie white, Gordon childe.
  - Culture traits, Culture Complex, Culture Area, Culture focus.
  - Diffusion of Culture: British diffusionist: Genman Austrian diffusionist (Kuttre kriese American diffusionist (Culture Area).
- UNIT-III Function and structure: Functionalism ( Malinowski) and Structure Functionalism ( Redcliffe Brown ) Structuralism ( Levi strauss).
- UNIT-IV Personality: Basic personality and Model personality.
  - Culture pattern : Configurationalism ( Ruth Benedict). Anthropological study of National character.
- UNIT-V Feild work tradition in Anthropology Major tools of Research: Schedule, Questionaire, Participant observation, interview, case study, Geneological Method. The main bases of Anthropological Methods: Historical Method, Comparative Method and Functional Method.

## PAPER-III

## PRACTICAL

**Obejctive:** The main of this practical course is to introduce the student about the tools and Method, analysis & statistical methods used in Human Biology. Laboratory Procedures in blood grouping and dermatoglyphics would give confidence in Dealing with all the applied dimensions they process.

## PART-I : Somatometry :

- (a) Measurements on body:
  - (i) Height vertex, (ii) Height tragus, (iii) Suprastemale height, (iv) Biacromial Breadth, (v) Bi-illiancristal breadth, (vi) Tibial Height, (vii) Upper extremity Length, (viii) Sitting height, (ix) height dactylion, (x) Body weight.
- (b) Head and Face Measurement:
  - ↑ Morphological upper facial length.
  - (i) Physiognomic upper facial length.
  - (ii) Morphological facial length.

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- (ix) Bizygomalic breadth.
- (v) Max head length
- (ii) Max head breadth
- (vii) Nasal length
- (viii) Nasal breadth
- (c) Indices:
  - ♠ Cephalic Index
  - (ii) Nasal Index
  - (iii) Facial Index

# PART-II Genetic Traits :

ABO blood group; colour blindness, PTC taste sensitivity, Dermatioglyphics, Methods of taking finger and palm prints and their analysis.

## PART-III Statistics

Mean, Median, Standard deviation,  $X^2$  test.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

1. Basin M.K. and I.P. Singh : Anthropometry

2 Cummins H. and Midlo C. : An Introduction of Dermatoglyphics

3. Dunsford and Bowley : Blood Group Techniques

4. Fisher R.S. : Statistical methods for Research Workers

5. मित्रा, मिताश्री : प्रायोगिक मानव विज्ञान भाग-2
6. Olivia : Practical Anthropology

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# ELECTRONICS EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE

		Max. Marks	Min. pass Marks
Paper - I	Trouble shooting and maintenance of audio	50	17
	and video Equipments.		
	Practical	50	17
	Project	50	17

#### PAPER-I

## (Paper Code - 0913)

# TROUBLE SHOOTING AND MAINTENANCE OF AUDIO AND VIDEO EQUIPEMENTS

# UNIT-I REMOTE CONTROL AND SPECIAL CIRCUITS:

Remote control, electromechanical control system, electronic touch tuning frequency synthesiser, TV tuner, automatic fone tuning (AFT), booster emplifier, automatic brightness control, instantious circuitry, picture tube boosters.

## ALIGNMENT AND SERVICING EQUIPMENTS :

Antistatics and low leakage multimeters, soldering Iron, Vacuum tube voltmeter (VT VM) Cathode Ray Oscillouscope (CRO) single Generation Video pattern Generator Coulor IIur Generation Vector Scope, High voltage probe Cable connectors shielding and Graunding.

## UNIT-II TELEVISION:

Trouble shooting procedure, troubles shooting monochrome receivers, servicing of various functional blocks, trouble, shooting colour receivers, servicing circuit modeles, saprets precautions in television servicing.

# TELEVISION CAMERA TUBES :

Basic principles and maintenance recording.

## UNIT-III BLOCK DIGRAM OF VCR :

Requirement of VCR, retaining video drums, helical scan, guard band, frequency response, serva systems, tape tension regulatar, real servo, system control. Different formats, the quacruplex format, type B segmented format, type C formet, the U matic format, the 1/2" V.H.S. format, 3-Max system.

# UNIT-IV SINGAL PROCESSING, CHROME PROCESSING :

Colour under technique, recovery of down converted chrome signals, luminance processing. frequency modulation, deviation and band width, autometic gain correction, limited, pre-emphasis, replay of luminance signal, Y/C delay, drop out compensator, block diagram of main requirements, zero guard band system, turners and modulators, the modulator.

Servo mechanisms and system control:

Recording, playback, tracking, capstan servo system control, loading and tereading and play mode, record mode, auto stops, counter, audio video muting.

## UNIT-V CARE OF MECHANICAL SYSTEM:

Cleaning of head and tape path. Lubrication, replacement of parts, replacement of audio CTC head, replacement of video drum, dihedral error, table height, tape tension. drive tounque stop brenks.

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#### ELECTRONIC SYSTEM ALUGNMENTS :

Instruments, fault finding the power supply, free furning speed the servo system, tracking, video system, playback section alignment, amplifier balance and gain, luminance signal adjustment, D.O.C., F.M. demodulator, limited balance, carrier leak, noise canceller, colour processing, up conversion automatic colour correction, autometic face connection recording, luminance, synctip or clamping frequency, deviation set, white clip, chrominance, summary.

#### NEW TECHNOLOGIES :

Industrial aspects of consumer electronics, jigs and fixture, quality control/management, production techniques, business cycle new technologies, compact disc, laser disc.

# PAPER - II (Paper Code - 0914) PRACTICAL

A student is required to do atleast 2 experiments in an acadmic year, and one month summer Training. The scheme of practical examination will be as follows:

- (1) On experiment of 3 hours duration and one month summer Training.
- (2) The marks for summer training will be awarded by the teachers teaching the students on the basis of the certificate issued by the external supervisor of the summer training.

Marks

Experiment 25 Marks
Sessional 10 Marks
on month summer training 15 Marks
Tttal 50 Marsk

Orientation and connection to TV antenna. Knowledge of booster connection and replacement. Knowledge of bloom Unit - different types (for different TV sets) and replacement of ballon, Replacement of front end.

Power supply and resistance cold tests. Voltage measurement at different points. To build SMPS for voltage between 6-15 volts (using IC's).

Horizantal and vertical oscilator checking and testing using CRO.

To see and read circuit diagram and to identity (Locate) various block on p/s, H and V deflection, video amplifier, audio, section, chroma section, IF section, tuner, tube and direction yokes (connecting and adjustment).

Audio section wave form testing step by step-sound separator, sound take off from IF section and tenonwards to detector amplifier, IF alignment and loud speaker. (intercarrier sound take off).

If stage testing: IF alignment, tunner and band select.

Chroma processor : testing singals at various IC's.

Remote control studies-range, direction various, controls, IR transmitter and receiver, coding of signal.

Fault finding : cold testing and voltage testing of various parts. (Revision of parts  $1\ \text{to}\ 9$ ).

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## **BIOTECHNOLOGY**

#### PAPER - I

## GENERAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

## Plant, Environment and Industrial Biotechnology

Time: 3 Hrs

UNIT-I Plant cell and tissue culture: General introduction history, scope.

Application of tissue culture

Concept of cellular differentiation.

Agro bacterium. Ti and Ri plasmid.

Bt gene. Molecular marker (RFLP, RAPD), edible vaccines.

UNIT-II Organogenesis, Embryogenesis. Protoplast isolation and fusion.

Germplasm storage and Cryopreservation.

Anther and Ovary culture.

UNIT-III General introduction and scope of environmental biotechnology.

Environmental pollution and its type.

Control of pollution through biotechnology,

Wastewater treatment :- Physical, Chemical, and Biological.

UNIT-IV Biofertilizer, Biopesticides, IPR.

Global environmental problem-General introduction, Ozone depletion. Acid rain.

Green house effect.

UNIT-V Bioreactors and its type.

Fermentation (Lactic acid, alcohol).

Maintenance of Industrial microorganisms.

Food technology- introduction, canning. packing and food preservation.

## PAPER - II

## IMMUNOLOGY

Time: 3 Hrs MM-50

UNIT-I Immunology - General Concept, history and Development.

Immune system and immunity, Organization of Immune system.

Antigen - Antibody and its type.

UNIT-II Cell involved in immune system. Type and cells. Basic structure and function. Cytokines.

Cell mediated immunity Interferons. Hypersensitivity.

UNIT-III Antigen - antibody interaction. Principles and types.

Immunohaematology - General concept. Blood group system. Rh factor. medical application of blood groups.

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UNIT-IV	Origin and diversity in immune system.
	Effectors mechanisms.
	Immunity of infection diseases monoclonal Antibodies.
UNIT-V	Autoimmune diseases. Hemolytic anemia. Rheumatoid arthritis. Insulin dependent diabetes. Myasthenia gravis. Organ transplantation. Immunodeficient diseases. Cancers. AIDS.
	PRACTICAL
EXPER	IMENTS
Plant :	
1, St	terilization of plant materials.
2. P.	reparation of Tissue culture media.
3. P.	lant tissue culture by plant parts.
Environ	ment :
1. D	etermination of total dissolved solids of water.
2. D	etermination of DO, BOD, COD of water.
3. M	PN Test.
Industria	il :
1. F	ood preservation techniques.
2. A	oplication of biopesticieds on microorganisms
3 P.	roduction of Citric acid by microorganisms.
Immunol	Logy :
1, B	lood grouping in relation to Antigen Antibody interaction.
2. R	n factor determination.
3. W	idal Test
4. V	DRL Test.
5. D	puble diffusion experiment
6. E	LISA Test
	BIOTECHNOLOGY
Time :	4 HRS MM-50
	Scheme Marks
	1. Experiment based on Paper - I
	Plant tissue culture 08
	(i) Environment / Industrial 07

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	Total	50
5.	Sessional	05
4.	Viva-voce	05
3.	Spots 05 (based on paper I & II, at least two spots from each paper)	10
2.	Experiment based on Paper - II	15

## BOOKS-

- 1. A test Book of Biotechnology : Indu Shekher Thakur I.K. International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2 Biotechnology (Fundamentals and Applications) : S.S. Purchit Agrobios (India), Jodhpur.
- 3. Fundamentals of Microbiology and Immunology : Ajit Kr. Banerjee, Nirmalya Banerjee New central Book Agency (P) Ltd., Kolkata.
- 4. Plant Biotechnology: R.S. Chawla Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 5. Plant Biotechnology: B.D. Singh Kalyani Publication, New Delhi.
- 6. Biotechnology: Fundamental & Appliction: S.S. Purohit
- 7. Immunology: J. Kubey et al.
- 8. Immunology: Roitt et al.
- 9. Fundamental of Immunology: W. Paul.
- 10. Plant Tissue culture : Rojdov
- 11. Plant Tissue Culture (Practical): H.S. Chawla.

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#### BIOCHEMISTRY

#### PAPER - I

#### MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

#### UNIT-I BASIC CONCEPTS OF GENETIC INFORMATION

- a Nucleic acids as genetic information carriers, experimental evidence e.g. bacterial genetic transformation, Hershey Chase Experiment, TMV reconstitution rexperiment.
- by Central dogma of molecular genetics current version, reverse transcription and retrovinuses.
- c. Primary structure of nucleic acids and their properties, silent features of eukaryotic, prokaryotic and viral genome; highly repetitive, moderately repretitive and unique DNA sequences.
- d Basic concepts about the secondary structures of nucleic acids, 5' 3' direction antiparallel strands, base composition, base equivalence, bae pairing and base stacking in DNA molecule. and buoyant density and their.

## UNIT-II STRUCTURAL LAVELS OF NUCLEIC ACIDS AND SEQUENCING

- a Scondary and tertiary structure of DNA: Watson and Crick model, A.B. and Z types of DNA major and minor grooves, chirality of DNA, tertiary structure of DNA.
- b Structure and properties of RNA; Classes of RNA secondary and tertiary structures.
- c Nucleic acid hybridization : Cot value and satellite DNA.
- d Sequencing: Restriction and modification system; sequencing of DNA and RNA.

# UNIT-III a DNA REPLICATION

DNA replication in prokaryotes - conservative, semi conservative and dispersive types, experimental evidence for semi conservative replication. DNA polymerases, other enzymes and protein factors involved in replication. Mechanism of replication. Inhibitors of DNA replication.

## b. TRANSCRIPTION

Transcription in prokaryotes RNA polymerase, promoters, initiation, elongation and termination of RNA synthesis, inhibitors of transcription. Reverse transcriptase, post transcriptional processing of RNA in eukaryotes.

# UNIT-IV TRANSLATION AND REGULATION OF GENE EXPRESSION

- a. Genetic code: Basic feature of genetic code, biological significance of degeneracy. Wobble hypothesis, gene within genes and overlapping genes.
- h Mechanism of translation: Ribosome tructure, A and P sites, charged tRNA, f-mat-tRNA initiator codon, Shine Dalgarno consensus sequence (AGGA), formation of 70S initiation complex, role of EF-Tu, EF-Ts, EF G and GTP, nonsense codons and release factors RF 1 and RF 2.
- c. Regulation of gene Expression in prokaryotes: Enzyme induction and repression,

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operon concepts, Lac operon, Trp operon.

#### UNIT-V MUTATION AND REPAIR

- a Mutation: Molecular basis of mutation, types of mutation, e.g. transition, transversion frame shift, insertion, deletion, suppresser sensitive, germinal and somatic, backward and forward mutations, true reversion and suppression, dominant and recessive mutation, spontaneous and induced mutations = Ledergerg's replica plating experiment.
- h Mutagenecity testing: Correlation of mutagenecity and carcinogenicity: Ames testing, Random and site directed mutagenesis.
- c. DNA Rapair: UV repair system in E.Coli, Significance of thymine in DNA.

## RECOMBINATION AND TECHNOLOGY

Restriction endanucleases, brief discussion of steps in DNA cloning. Application of recombinant DNA technology.

#### Books:

- 1. Biochemistry J David Rawn, Neil Patterson Publisher, North Carolina.
- 2 Molecular biology of the gene JD Watson, NH Hopkins, JW Robert, JP Stretz, AM Weiner, Freeman San Francisco.
- 3. Fundamental of biochemistry by D Voet and CW Pratt, John Wiley & Sons, NY.
- 4. Text book of biochemistry Thomas M Devin, John Weley & Sons, NY.

#### PAPER - II

## NUTRITIONAL, CLINICAL & ENVIRONMENTAL BIOCHEMISTRY

M.M.-50

# UNIT-I NUTRITIONAL BIOCHEMISTRY

## Nutrition and dietary habits

- a Introduction and definition of foods and nutritioni. Factors determining food acceptance, physiological, energy, body building (growth and development).

  Regulation of body temperature. Physiology and nutrition of carbohydrates, fats, proteins and water. Vitamins A,D,E,K, Vit B-Complex and Vit C and minerals like Ca, Fe and Iodine and their biological functions. Basic food groups: energy giving foods, body building foods and protective foods.
- b Composition of balanced diet, recommended dietary allowances (RDA) for average indian, locally available foods, inexpensive quality foods and food stuff's rich in mor ethan one nutrients. Balanced vegetarian diet, emphasis on nutritional adequacy.

## UNIT-II NUTRITATINE AND CALORIFIC VALUES OF FOODS

a Basic concepts of energy expenditure, units of energy, measurement of energy expenditure by direct or indirect calorimetry, calculation of non protein RQ with respect to carbohydrates and lipids. Determination of heat production of the diet. The basal metabolism and method of measuring basal metabolic rate (BMR),

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- energy requirements during growth, pregnancy, lactation and various physiological activities. Calculation of energy expenditure of average man and women.
- Specific dynamic action (SDA) of foods, naturitive value of various kinds of foods generally used by Indian population. Planning of dietary regimes for infants, during pregnancy and old age. Malnutrition, its implications and relationship with dietary habits and prevention of malnutrition pecially protein-calories malnutrition (Kwashiorkor and Marasmus) by improvements of diets. Human milk and its virtues, breast vs formulated milk feeding. Food preservation standards, food adulterations and precautions, government regulations on poreservation and quality of food.

## UNIT-III CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

## 1 Basic concepts of clinical biochemistry

- a Definition and scope of clinical biochemistry in diagnosis, a brief review of units and abbreviation used in expression concentration and standard solutions. Quality control. Manual vs automation in clinical laboratory.
- b. Collection and preservation of biological fluids (blood, serum, plasma, urine and CSF) Chemical analysis of blood, urine and CSF. Normal values for important constitutes (in SI units) in blood (plasma / serum), CSF and urine, clearance tast for urea.

#### UNIT-IV 0 CLINICAL ENZYMOLOGY

- a Definition of functional and non-functional plasma enzymes. Isozymes and diagnostics Tests. Enzymes pattern in health and diseases with special mention of plasma lipase, amylase, cholinesterase, alkaline and acid phosphatase, SGOT, SGPT, LDH and CPK.
- b Functional tests of kidney, liver and gastric fluids.
- (i) Hypo and hyper-gylcemia, glycogen storage diseases, lipid mal-absorption and steatorrhea, sphingolipidosis, role of lipoproteins. Inborn errors of amino acid metabolism alkaptonuria, phenyl-ketonuria, albinism, gout and hyper-uricemia.

## UNIT-V ENVIRONMENTAL BIOCHEMISTRY

- **Air pollution:** Particulate matter, compounds of carbon, sulphur, nitrogen and their interactions, methods of their estimation, their effect on atmosphere.
- (i) Water pollution: Types of water boides and their general characteristic, major pollutants in domestic, agricultural and industrial wastes, methods of their estimation, effects of pollutants on plants and animals, treatment of domestic and industrial wastes, solid-wastes and their treatment.

## Books:

- 1. Modern nutrition in health and diseaser by Whol and Goodhart.
- 2 Human nutrition and Dietetics-S. Davidson and passmore-ELBS Zurich.
- 3. Tietz fundamental of clinical Chemistry by Cart A Burits & ER Ashwood Saunders WB Co.
- 4. Leacture Notes on Clinical Biochemistry-LG Whitby, AF Smith, GJ Beckett.

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# PRACTICAL FOR IIIrd YEAR

# LABORATORY - III (BCH 305)

- 1. Estimation of DNA by diphenylamine method.
- 2. Effect of temperature on the viscosity of DNA using Ostwald's Viscometer.
- 3. Extraction of RNA and its estimation by Orcinol method.
- 4. Estimation of hemoglobin by measuring total iron in blood.
- 5. Estimation of calcium and phosphorus in serum & urine.
- 6. Estimation of creatine and creatinine in urine.
- 7. Estimation of immunoglobulins by precipitation with saturated ammonium sulphate.
- 8. Denaturation fo enzyme, studies on DNA.
- 9. a Separation of proteins by column chromatography.
  - b. Determination of proteins by dye binding assay.
- 10. Separation of proteins by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis.

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